REPUBLIQUE DE VANUATU



REPUBLIC OF VANUATU

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REPUBLIQUE DE VANUATU

ARRETE NO. 32 DE 1988 SUR L'AVIATION CIVILE (REGLEMENT) (MODIFICATION)

portant modification de l'arrêté No. 22 de 1984 sur l'Aviation civile (Règlement).

LE MINISTRE DE L'AVIATION CIVILE, DES TELECEMMUNICATIONS, DE L'ENERGIE ET DU TOURISME

en vertu dos pouvoirs qui lui sont conférés par l'article 8(1) de la loi No. 38 de 1982 sur l'Aviation civile,

ARRETE:

MODIFICATION DE L'ARRETE NC. 22 DE 1984

- 1. L'arrêté No. 22 de 1984 sur l'Aviation civile (Règlement) tel que modifié est à nouveau modifié à l'article 5 comme suit :
 - (a) à la fin du paragraphe (e) par le remplacement de "."
 par ";"
 - (b) par l'addition après le paragraphe (e) de paragraphe suivant :
 - "(f) Instructions de Sécurité de l'Aviation civile (ISAC), indiquant des procédés et des exigences se rapportant à la sécurité aérienne et diffusant des instructions pour assurer en général la sécurité du personnel, des appareils, des bâtiments, des installations, aux fins de garantir une navigation aérienne sûre, efficace, régulière et la sécurité des aéronefs, des personnes et des biens transportés à bord."

ENTREE EN VIGUEUR

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 Le présent arrêté entrera en vigueur le jour de sa publication au Journal officiel.

FAIT à Port-Vila, le 19 septembre 1988.

Harold C. QUALAD Ministre de l'Aviation civile, des Télécommunications, de L'Energie et du Tourisme.

REPUBLIC OF VANUATU

THE MALEKULA LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL PUBLIC HOLIDAY (AMENDMENT) REGIONAL LAW NO. 1 OF 1988

To amend the Malekula Local Government Council Public Holiday Law No. 1 of 1985.

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Decentralization Act No. 11 of 1980, the Malekula Local Government Council hereby makes the following Regional Laws:-

AMENDMENT OF REGIONAL LAW NO. 1 OF 1985

The Malekula Local Government Council Public Holiday Law No. 1 of 1985 is amended by the repeal of section 1 and the substitution of the following section:-

"PUBLIC HOLIDAY

The 4th day of October in each year shall be a public holiday throughout the Malekula Local Government Region."

REPEAL

2. The Malekula Local Government Council Public Holiday Regional Law No. 1 of 1983 is repealed.

COMMENCEMENT

3. This Regional Law shall come into force on the date of its publication in the Gazette.

MADE under the Seal of the Malekula Local Government Council at Lakatoro this 8th day of September, 1988.

President	Secretary	Council Member		
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APPROVED by the Minister at Port Vila, this 22nd day of September, 1988

I.J. ABBIL
Minister of Home Affairs

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CODE OF PRACTICE CONCERNING SAFETY IN SCHOOL SCIENCE LABORATORIES

Surveys in other countries suggest that most accidents in schools occur during students' free time and during sports activities in general, science laboratories have been amongst the safest places in which to teach and learn! In order to ensure that this remains the case in Vanuatu, Principals and Science Teachers should follow the advice and recommendations below. The list is not necessarily exhaustive. Where specific aspects are not covered teachers are expected to take such reasonable care of their pupils as careful parents would take of their children, having regard to all the circumstances.

- 1. Dangerous equipment and especially chemicals, should be stored in a securely locked place to which pupils do not have access.
- 2. The condition of all gas fittings and tubing should be inspected regularly. If any faults are found, the gas supply should be disconnected until all faults have been rectified.
- 3. An adequately stocked* first aid cabinet should be kept in an accessible position in or near all laboratories.
- 4. Several readily accessible buckets of dry sand should be kept in the laboratory for dealing with small fires. A fire blanket is recommended for dealing with larger fires.
- 5. Water should always be readily accessible in the laboratory, either from several taps or from several buckets, for dealing with spillages, burns etc (see "Safety Rules for Pupils" below).
- 6. Laboratories should not be overcrowded. Sizes and arrangements of laboratories vary and schools should exercise their own judgement in this regard. However as a general guide, smaller laboratory conversions for which 6 tables (0.8 x 1.8 m) have been recommended should accommodate a maximum of 36 students. Larger laboratory conversions with 8 tables of this size should accommodate a maximum of 40 students. In general, custom built laboratories have been designed for the standard class size of 35. (NB These figures represent a reasonable compromise with the realities of class sizes and are already on the high side).

- 7. All pupils should have and should understand, copies of a suitable set of "safety rules" covering their conduct in the laboratory. These should be based on the Ministry of Educations' Safety Rules for Pupils in School Science Laboratories, a copy of which is attached. Circumstances may vary in different schools and these rules may be amended or added to where the Principal or Science Teachers judge this to be necessary. The Principal and Science Teachers should ensure that these laboratory rules are enforced. In this connection it is also recommended that.
 - 7.1 Students should not be allowed in the laboratory without the supervision of a teacher (unless all science equipment is kept in a separate store room). Principals should ensure that ALL staff who may at any time be responsible for students who are in the laboratory (including for "study or other non-science activities) are fully aware of the safety aspects and of their responsibilities in this regard.
 - 7.2 Schools should take the first opportunity of pur chasing sets of plastic safety goggles". They should insist that these are worn by students when there may be any risk of dangerous materials splashing or spitting into the eye.
 - 7.3 The clearing up of spillages and breakages should be supervised to make sure that it is done properly. Particular care should be taken when sweeping up glass to ensure that all the broken glass is collected up and not simply scattered. A coconut broom is generally not satisfactory in this respect and a much denser type of brush is recommended.

*A first aid kit should be as simple as possible and the following items are suggested:

1 pair blunt ended scissors
Assorted bandages;
Adhesive plaster and dressings;
Sterilised cotton wool;
Sterilised gauze
Mild and eseptic solution or "savlon"
Safety pins;
Small forceps;
Eye bath.

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MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SPORT

Safety rules for pupils in school science laboratories

The biggest danger in the laboratory is YOU. You are a danger whenever you are either ignorant or careless. Remember this, because the person most likely to suffer from your mistakes is YOU!

- 1. Do not go into the laboratory without permission.
- 2. Never run or rush about in the laboratory.
- 3. Do not obstruct the floor tables or sidebenches with bags or baggage of any kind. Bring with you only those books needed for the science lesson.
- 4. Never throw anything in the laboratory.
 - 5. Never put any object of any kind, whether edible or not into your mouth in the laboratory.
 - 6. Never inverfere with equipment or chemicals.
 - 7. Do not distract others while they are doing an experiment. Do not shout in the laboratory.
 - 8. Never remove anything from the laboratory without the teacher's permission.
 - 9. When not actually using a bunsen burner, close the air hole so the yellow flame can be seen.
- 10. When heating things, use small amounts and concentrate on what you are doing. Take care not to point test tubes at yourself or at anyone else. Wear safety goggles when your teacher tells you to do so. Do not look down a test tube! If any chemical 'spits into your eye, wash out your eye immediately with plenty of water. Then tell your teacher.
- 11. If you get something in your mouth, spit it out at once (into the sink if possible) and wash your mouth out with plenty of water. Then tell your teacher.
- 12. If you get burnt or get chemicals on your skin, wash the affected part at once with plenty of water. If the burn is a bad one, hold it under cold water for a long time. Tell your teacher.
- 13. If you spill something or break something or have any accident, you must tell your teacher AT ONCE. (None of us is perfect and accidents sometimes happen, your teachers will not usually be angry. However, they will certainly be angry if they discover an accident which has not been reported, because this may cause danger to you or to others).

REPUBLIC OF VANUATU

COMPANIES ACT OF 1986

TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to Section 365 of the Companies Act No. 12 of 1986, the oversea company

DOMINION GOLD MINES N.L.

had lodged a notice of cessation of business and therefore has ceased to have a place of business in Vanuatu.

Dated at Vila this ninth day of September, 1988.

T. Tarip ACTING REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

REPUBLIC OF VANUATU

COMPANIES ACT OF 1986

TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to Section 364 of the Companies Act No. 12 of 1986, oversea company

PAN-PACIFIC CONSTRUCTION INC

has lodged a notice of cessation of business and therefore has ceased to have a place of business in Vanuatu.

Dated at Vila this twelfth day of September, 1988

T. Tarip
ACTING REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

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SOCIETE DES ABATTOIRS DE SANTO ET DES ILES (IN LIQUIDATION)

CLOSURE OF LIQUIDATION/REMOVAL OF LIQUIDATOR

REGISTERED OFFICE:

P.O. Box 56, Luganville, Santo

NATURE OF BUSINESS:

Butchers and meat exporters

CLOSURE OF LIQUIDATION:

The closure of the Liquidation, the release of the liquidator and the removal of the company from the Registrar of Companies were approved by the Court on 28th September 1988.

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DISPOSAL OF FUNDS:

Funds remaining uncollected have been forwarded to the Accountant General in momentum section 337 of the Companies Act.

Nicholas Orfanos Liquidator of Societe des Abattoirs de Santo et des Iles.

AVIS AU PUBLIC

Le public est informé par les présentes qu'en vertu de l'article 31(1) de la loi no. 21 de 1981 portant Institution d'un code de procédure pénale,

JOSHUA JOHN MARK ANNE MARIE SIMEON NAUNGA SALING STEPHEN

sont nommés substituts d**u Procumeur** général à compter du 1er septembre 1988.

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FAIT à Port-Vila le 20 septembre 1988.