# SUPPLEMENT to the Solomon Islands Gazette

Thursday 3rd August 2006

S.I. No. 26

[Legal Notice No. 57]

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#### PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1997

#### THE ISABEL PROVINCE MARKET ORDINANCE

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Isabel Province Market **Title** Ordinance 2005 and shall come into effect when assented by the Minister in accordance with section 31 of the Provincial Government Act 1997.
- 2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires:- Interpretatio

"Province" means the Isabel Province; "Food" means food of any nature and includes water, ice, beverages, chewing gums, food additives or substances used as ingredients in the preparation of food and drinks and livestock for human consumption.

"Handling" in relation to food means harvesting, preparation, processing, preserving, packing, storing, decorating, serving, conveying or delivery.

"Food Handlers" means any person who handles, prepares, process, cooked, stores, displays, for sale or sells any food for human consumption.

"Public Market" means any public market within Isabel Provincial boundary.

3. Public markets shall only be established with the authority of the Province and where the Province directs, and every public market shall be controlled by the Province which may appoint a Market Master and such other officers as it may consider necessary for that purpose.

4. (1) Any person who sells or exposes for sale in a public market any goods without having first paid the appropriate market fee prescribed there of in Schedule 1 to this Ordinance, shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of fifty dollars or in default of payment of such fine, to imprisonment for one month.

(2) The market fee shall be payable at the Province Office, the Market Master or one of his assistants.

(3) The Province may, by resolution, from time to time, prescribe new fees or add to or amend the fees prescribed in Schedule 1 and 2.

5. (1) The Province may from time to time, by resolution, **Prices** prescribe maximum prices for any goods sold at public markets.

(2) Where the Province has prescribed prices under Paragraph (1) it shall cause a notice of those prices to be displayed at all public markets.

(3) No person shall sell any goods at a public market at a price above the price displayed in accordance with paragraph 5(1)

- 6. Public markets should be open on such days and at such times **Opening hou**: as the Province shall appoint and notices of the days and times of opening and closing shall be displayed at the entrances to public markets.
- 7.(1) The Market Master may, either personally or by<br/>means of his staff or assistant:-Powers of<br/>Market Master

(a) Expel from a public market any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of this Ordinance

or who fails to comply with any reasonable direction or instruction given or issued by the Market Master;

(b) Prohibit and bar the entry of any person, animal or thing whose presence in the market would contravene the provisions of this Ordinance;

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> (c) Require any person who, within a public market, has, without authority, made any alteration to slab or introduced any fitting fixture or any impediment or structure whatsoever to restore the slab to its original position or nature or to remove the fitting, fixture, impediment structure; and where such person fails to comply with the requirement within a reasonable time, the Market Master may, at the expense of the person in default, himself carryout or cause to be carried out, the work required;

(d) Remove anything from the market which has been brought or is retained therein in contravention of this Ordinance, at the expense of the person who so brought or retained such thing;

(e) Give and issue such reasonable direction and instructions as to him may appear to be necessary or desirable for the good order, cleanliness, and proper functioning of the market and the due observance of this ordinance;

(f) Seize and take possession of any foodstuff he may reasonably suspect to be unfit for human consumption, and shall forthwith report such seizure to the nearest Medical Officer or Health Inspector and dispose of the foodstuffs in accordance with the instructions of the Medical Officer or Health Inspector, as the case may be.

8. (1) Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of section 7(1) (f) of this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of fifty dollars, or in default of payment of such fine, to imprisonment for one month.

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month.

(2) (a) No authorize person shall enter or remain in a public place during the hours that it is closed,

(b) No person shall make any alteration to a slab or any other fixture in a public market, or introduce any new fixture, fitting, or impediment of any kind without the authority of the Market Master, and any such things introduces without his authority shall be removed by the innovator.

(c) No person may bring into any public market for sale or otherwise any firearm, bicycle, or intoxicating liquor.

(d) No person shall obstruct, resist or hinder the Market Master or any officer or employee of the Provice in the performance of his duties or the due exercise of his powers under this Ordinance, and no person shall enter a public market while drunk, or cause any disturbance, or curse or swear or use any gross indecent or filthy language or be guilty of any misconduct therein.

(e) Animals brought into a public market shall be fettered, tethered, or confined in a crate or basket.

(f) No person suffering from any venereal or other contagious or infectious disease, or having recently been exposed to infection by such a disease shall be employed or engaged in or about any public market.

(g) Every person occupying a slab shall keep it in a clean and orderly condition and shall dispose of all refuse, garbage, offal and waste material, liquid or solid, from his slab into the receptacles, channels, or drains provided for this purpose.

(h) No person shall deposit or throw on the floor of a public market, any refuse, fruit, skin or vegetable matter, and no person shall willfully damage, efface, foul or misuse any part of such market or of the public convenience therein or connected therewith.

(i) No article or produce shall be exhibited for sale on pathways or over the drain or in any doorway in any public market and no board, box, basket, sack or other such thing shall be left in, upon or across such pathway, drain or doorway.

(j) Fish shall not be put out dry within the precincts of a public market.

(k) No person shall light a fire or cook within a public market, except in places authorized by the Market Master.

(I) No person shall defecate, urinate, expectorate or discharge any nasal fluid or mucus in or within the precincts of a public market.

(m) No dirty or verminours person shall enter or remain in a public market.

(n) No person shall bring into or keep in a public anything which is obnoxious, unwholesome, or dangerous.

(o) Persons using a public market for the purpose of selling shall keep their produce or other goods offered for sale and expose them for sale in as hygienic a manner as is practicable, and shall obey all reasonable directions of the Market Master in this regard.

(p) Every person using or being within the precincts of a public market shall obey all reasonable directions given by the Market Master.

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(q) No person shall sell, or offer, or expose for sale in a public market, betelnut, leaves and lime or any thing which is unwholesome to the general clean-liness of a public market.

(r) Person chewing betelnut must not spit on the floor of a public market or within the precincts of a public market. All refuse for betelnut chewing shall be disposed of into proper receptacles, channels or drains provided for this purpose.

(s) No person shall sell, or offer, or expose for sale in a public market any article other than of the following types:

- i) Fresh vegetables;
- ii) Fresh fruit;
- iii) Pulses, grains and cereals grown in the protectorate;
- iv) Fish and shell fish;
- v) Livestock for human consumption;
- vi) Fresh eggs;
- vii) Locally made basket ware, mats earthen-ware, woodwork or other native-made product;
- viiii) Such other goods as may from time to time be authorized by resolution of the Province.

(t) No person shall bring any dog or other animals that ar injurious to health into a market house.

(u) Articles offered for sale in a market including cooked food shall be protected from flies and other insects to the satisfaction of a medical officer, Provincial Health Inspector, or Health assistant.

(v) No food stuff shall be sold which, in the opinion of a medical officer, health officer, or health assistant are unfit for human consumption.

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9.	<ul> <li>A Health Inspector may -         <ul> <li>(a) Enter and inspect at any reasonable time, any premises and or the market place which the Health Inspector reasonably believe any article used in the handling, displaying, packing or storing, and or serving of food for sale;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Powers of entry and inspection
	(b) Seize any food as prescribe other than those in Schedule 2 of the Market Ordinance.	
 0.		Seizure and condemnation of food unfit for human consumption
11.	Subject to the provisions of this section, any person who offer for sale, any food or drug intended for, but unfit for human consumption as prescribed under this Ordinance, shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of one hundred dollars or imprisonment for one month.	Offences in connection with the sale of unfit food

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# SCHEDULE 1

# MARKET FEES

Fee

\$2.00

Particulars
Use for one day or part thereof the Isabel Province market for selling
or exposing for sale goods

# **SCHEDULE 2**

# MAXIMUM MARKET PRIZES

COMMON NAMES	LOCAL NAMES	MAXIMUM MARKET PRICES
ROOT CROPS		
Taro (all varieties	Mhau	5.00/tuber
Kong kong taro	Faehu	3.00/tuber
Swamp taro	Kakake	3.00/tuber
Vila	Vila	10.00/tuber
Elephant taro (large varieties)	Mhau	5.00/tuber
Sweet potato	Kurama/Kumara	2.00/heap
Cassava (all varieties)	Tapioka/Bia	2.00/heap
Pana (all varieties)	Pana	3.00/heap
Yam (all varieties)	Bopa/Nufi	3.00/tuber
Wild Yam (all varieties)	Nufimata	3.00/tuber
VEGETABLES (MINOR): LEA	A <i>FY</i>	
VEGETABLES		
Lettuce	Lettuce	4.00/head
Spring Onion (varieties)	Small shallot	4.00head
Chinese leak (varieties)	Big shallot	4.00/head
Ball cabbage	Ball cabbage	6.00/head
Cauliflower	Cauliflower	6.00/head
Brocoli	Brocoli	6.00/head

# LOCAL LEAFY VEGETABLES

Water Cress

All Chinese cabbages

Slippery cabbage	Ngnahi	4.00/parcel
Sand paper tree	Naule	2.00/parcel
Kangkang	Kankun	2.00/parcel
Pumpkin leaves	Pumpkin leaves	3.00/parcel
All other leafy vegetables	Gure, Glelei, tonaha, bonio	3.00/parcel

Water cress

Pak Choi, Saladeer etc

6.00/parcel 6.00/head

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### FRUIT VEGETABLES

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3.00/heap Tomato (local varieties) Tomato 4.00/heap Tomato Tomato (imported varieties) 2.00/heap Deri Egg plant 0.50/fruit Capsicum Sweet pepper Phoro 5.00/fruit Pineapple (rough) 10.00/fruit Pineapple (smooth) Phoro vaka **CUCURBITS** Manuku/Maduku 5.00/fruit Pumpkin 5.00/fruit Manuku/Maduku Squash pumpkin (smooth) 15.00/fruit Melon (big seeds) Melon (local varieties) 15.00/fruit Melon (introduced varieties) Melon 5.00/fruit Rock Melon Rock Melon Apple Melon 5.00/fruit Apple Melon 2.00/fruit Cucumber Cucumber 1.00/fruit Chavote Chavote Granadila 2.00/fruit Granadila RATOON/FRUITS/ **VEGETABLES/CANES** 1.00/clump Cheki Ginger (varieties) 3.00/parcel Asparagus Asparagus 1.00/fruit Banana (cooking) Chau 5.00/clump Banana (ripening) Chau mata 3.00/cane Nehu Sugarcane 6.00/bundle Grerei Pitpit **GRAINS/CEREAL/FODDER** 6.00/kg Rice (TCS10/TNGS20) No. 10 & No. 20 1.00/fruit Maze (varieties) Corn 2.00/fruit Sorghum Sorghum (varieties) **GROUND NUTS** Peanut (varieties) Peanut (white/red) 1.00/heap **OTHER FRUITS/VEGETABLES/ CREEPERS/VINES** 2.00/fruit Grapes (vine) 2.00/fruit Passion fruit (varieties)

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VEGETABLES PULP/TUBERS		
Onion	Onion	5.00/kg
Garlic	Garlic	6.00/kg
Carrot	Carrot	2.00/root
Radish	Radish	2.00/root
ORCHARD/CITRUS/		
OTHER FRUITS		
Pomelo (varieties)	Pamelou	2.00/fruit
Manderin	Moli/Manderin	1.00/fruit
Sweet orange	Moli	1.00/fruit
Bush lime	Lemane	1.00/fruit
Lemon (varieties)	Lemane	1.00/fruit
Guava	Small guava	.50/fruit
Guava	Big guava	1.00/fruit
Carambola (sweet)	Five corner	1.00/fruit
Carambola (sour)	Five corner	1.00/fruit
Mango (local)	Khebu mata	2.00/fruit
Mango (improved)	Khebu vaka	2.00/fruit
Rambutan	Rambutan	2.00/heap
Custard Apple	Custard Apple	4.00/heap
Bullock heart	Bullock heart	4.00/heap
Inikori (sour)	Inikori/Ngoe	1.00/fruit
Inikori (sweet)	Inikori/Ngoe	1.00/fruit
Sour sop	Nhego	3.00/fruit
Duran	Duran	2.00/fruit
A	A 1	5 00/5
Avacado	Avacado	5.00/fruit
Breadfruit	Nhego Sa'au	5.00/fruit
Malayan apple		0.50/fruit
Pawpaw	Khiba	4.00/fruit
SPICES		
Turmeric	Khogu	2.00/clump
Cardarmon	Cardarmon	5.00/clump
White pepper	White pepper	3.00/clump
Black pepper	Black pepper	3.00/clump
Vanilla	Vanilla	2.00/clump
Cinamon	Cinamon	2.00/clump
Lemon grass	Lemon grass	1.00/bundle
Nepalese Akabare	Taiyo chillie	1.00/fruit
Tabasco chillie (local)	Tobasco	1.00/fruit

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Bird eye chillie (local)	Small rocket/chillie	0.50/heap
Long red chillie (local)	Big rocket/chillier	0.50/heap
DRUGS/STIMULANTS		
Tobacco	Legona sori/Viri mata	4.00/nine cm
Kava	Kava	20.00/pkg
OIL/KERNEL PALM TREES		
Local tall coconut	Koilo	1.00/fruit
Rennel	Koilo/Renolo	2.00/fruit
Hybrid	Koilo/hybrid	2.00/fruit
Sweet coconut	Koilo mamahe/Gogole	2.00/fruit
Yellow dwarf coconut	Koilo	2.00/fruit
Sago palm	Naota	20.00/bundle
Wild sago	Niva	20.00/bundle
Santa Cruz nut	Santa Cruz Nut	0.50/heap
Ngali nut (varieties)	Sitha	2.00/heap
Wild nut (bush varieties)	Kajoga	2.00/heap
Cut nut (varieties)	Fala	2.00/heap
Alite	Naklise	2.00/heap
Santa Cruz alite	Santa Cruz Naklise	2.00/heap
COTTON/WOOL TREES		
Kapok	Vau	5.00 per 20 kg
Cotton tree	Cotton tree	5.00 per 20 kg
TREE SPECIES WILD EDIBLE		
FRUITS/VEGETABLE		
CABBAGE		
Mangrove	Kho'a	1.00/heap
To'oma	Phopoi	0.50/fruit
Oceania Lychee	Gema	0.50/fruit
Polynesian chestnut	Julapa	1.00/heap
Akama	Glama	1.00/heap
Wild egg plant (local)	Deri	1.00/fruit
COOKING FUEL/FIREWOOD/		
MOTU LEAVES		
Firewood	Gaju	15.00/bundle
Charcol	Kokobru	12.00/10 kg
Motu leaves	Nghoi/tekomo	5.00/bundle

BEANS/GOURD/PEA		
Snake gound	Bini mogo/snake bean	3.00/fruit
Beans (all varieties)	Long, wing, mung beans	1.00/fruit
LIVESTOCK (ANIMALS/BIRI	DS/	
EGGS		
X-breed chicken (live)	Full Kokorako vaka	50.00/chicken
Local chicken (live)	Kokorako	30.00/chicken
Local chicken egg	Nakredi	2.00/egg
Local piglets	Bosu	100.00/piglet
X-breed piglets (live)	Bosu vaka	200.00/piglet
Fish and Oystercern		
Kingfish		10.00 per kg
Bonitor		8.00 per kg
Yellow Fish		8.00 per kg
Reef fish		8.00 per kg
Cray fish		15.00 per kg
Mud crab		15.00 per kg

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# (STANDARD SIGNATURE PAGE FOR ALL ORDINANCES)

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Approved by the Isabel Provincial assembly this first day of December 2005

Seal of the Province

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10/3/0610/03/06Clerk to the AssemblyDateSpeaker to AssemblyDate

**Premier of Isabel Province** 

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10/3/06 Date

Assented to by the Minister pursuant to Section 32 and 34 of the Act, after a finding that this Ordinance relate to matters within the legislative competence of the Assembly and that it does not conflict with the policy of the Solomon Islands Government.

Minister of Provincial Government & Constituency Development

> 21/7/06 Date

[Legal Notice 58]

# ISABEL PROVINCE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ORDINANCE 2005

# AN ORDINANCE TO

Provide for the Isabel Provincial Executive to manage the natural resources of the Province in a manner consistent with National policy and legislation, to provide for the indigenous people of Isabel Province to contribute to the conservation, management a. sustainable utilization of natural resources on customary land, and to consolidate previous ordinances.

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# PART I PRELIMINARY

#### 1. Short title and Commencement

This Ordinance is called the Isabel Province Resource Management Ordinance 2006 and shall come into force upon approval of the Minister in accordance with section 32 of the Provincial Government Act 1997 and publication in the Solomon Island Gazette.

#### **2.** Objects of the Ordinance

Under the direction of the Isabel Province Executive and with the assistance of Authorised Officers, the Isabel Province Resource Management Ordinance 2006 seeks to -

- (a) Assist in resource management planning on customary land;
- (b) Ensure the sustainable use of the renewable resources of IsabelProvince for the long term well being of its inhabitants;
- (c) Protect animal and plant species which are rare or threatened;
- (d) Prevent animal and plan species from becoming threatened, endangered extirpated or extinct within their natural range within Isabel Province;
- (e) Maintain and protect the natural biodiversity of the land and water environments of Isabel Province for the benefit of present and future generations.

#### **Effect of Ordinance on other laws**

(1) In the interests of clarity it is hereby declared that this Ordinance complements and does not seek to replace or conflict with other laws, including enactments of the National Parliament that are aimed at protecting species or natural resources.

(2) Should any part of this Ordinance be held invalid by virtue of its inconsistency with a superior law, the Court shall endeavour to excise only th offending sections and shall, as far as is practicable, preserve the operation of other parts of the Ordinance.

(3) Compliance with the requirements of this Ordinance shall not absolve a person from compliance with any Act of Parliament.

#### 4. Interpretation

In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires:

- "Authorised Officer" means any police officer, any fisheries, environment, or forestry officer; and any Village Chiefs or other person appointed in writing by the Executive to be an Authorised Officer for the purpose of this Ordinance.
- "Business Licence" means a licence issued by the Executive in accordance with the Isabel Province Business Licence Ordinance.
- "Coastal waters" means all that area of sea which comprises part of Isabel Province by virtue of section 3 of the Provincial Government Act. 1997.

"Council of Chiefs" means Isabel Council of Chiefs.

- "Current Customary Usage" means the usage of Solomon Islanders obtaining in relation to the matter in question at the time when that question arises, regardless of whether that usage has obtained from time immemorial or any lesser period.
- "Customary land" means any land (not being registered land, other than land registered as customary land) used or occupied by a person or community in accordance with current customary usage. For the purposes of this Ordinance, "land" shall include areas of reef waters or lagoon waters where, according to current customary usage. A person's or community's use or occupation of land" extends to and includes use and occupation of such reef or lagoon waters.
- "Customary land owning group" means a tribe, clan, line, community or group of such persons owning or customarily recognised as entitled to own or exercise primary rights over customary land.
- "Endangered" means in relation to any plant or animal species, imminent danger of extinction from any cause whatsoever, including the cause that population levels have been critically reduced and/or habitat has been critically reduced or damaged.

"Executive" means the Executive of the Provincial Government of Isabel.

"Export" means the selling, supplying or transportation of marine resources, forest resources or wildlife resources originating from within Isabel Province, outside of Isabel Province whether to another part of Solomon Islands or overseas.

- "Extinct" means in relation to a plant or animal species, not definitely located within a period of 10 years up to the date of any enquiry.
- "Extirpated" means in relation to any plant or animal species, eliminated from a part or parts of its previously known range. This may refer to loss of species from specific area within the Isabel Province.

"Fish" means any cold blooded animal living wholly in water breathing through gills with fins for swimming.

"Forest resources" means any tree, flora or fauna, alive or dead, which is of a species indigenous to Solomon Islands and is or was growing in the Isabel Province.

"House of Chiefs" means the relevant house of chiefs for the area concerned.

"Land" includes coastal marine and lagoon areas adjacent to land.

- "Management Committee" means a management committee appointed by the Provincial Executive to manage a designated area.
- "Marine resources" means any fish and any other animal, plant, or thing living in or found in salt water including but not limited to the following species or categories of species: beche de mer, clam, coral, crab, crayfish, crocodile, green snail, pearl oyster shell, prawn, seaweed, trochus and turtle.

"**Person**" includes person, bodies corporate, associations, co-operatives and any other group or body of persons.

- "Qualified requesters" means all of the persons and their representatives who, according to the customary law and traditions of the area to be affected by a Resource Management Order, are the persons entitled to make rules which are binding on the people indigenous to the area and people coming to the area with respect to the natural resources of the area, which would be affected by the Resource Management Order.
- "Rare" means any plant or animal species with small populations either because of local occurrence within restricted geographic areas or habitats or they are thinly scattered over a more extensive range within Isabel Province.
- "Resource Management Order" means a Customary Land Resource Management Order made by the Executive pursuant to section 12 of this Ordinance.

- "Sustainable use" means using, developing or protecting renewable natural and physical resources so that their ability to yield long term benefits is not endangered.
- "Business Licence" means a licence issued by the Executive in accordance with the Isabel Province Business Licence Ordinance.
- "Take" means in relation to forest resources to cut, kill, sell, purchase or export: and in relation to marine resources to fish, catch, kill, capture, sell, purchase or export, and in relation to wildlife resources to kill, hunt, capture, sell, purchase or export.
- "Threatened" in relation to any plant or animal species means having a declining population due to over-exploitation or destruction of their habitat: such species being likely to become endangered in the near future if the factors responsible for the decline continue to operate.
- "Wildlife resources" means all indigenous birds, insects including butterflies, reptiles, amphibians and mammals whether dead or alive.
- "Wildlife Sanctuary" means an area declared by order of the Executive pursuant to Part IV of this Ordinance, for the primary purpose of protecting any species of wild fauna and their feeding, breeding or resting habitat.
- "Village Chief" means the person who according to custom is regarded as the head of the village or other local community and where there is no such customary head, means the person regarded by the people within such village or local community as their leader in relation to the matter concerned.
- "Vulnerable" means threatened or otherwise at risk in the absence of proper management or conservation.

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# PART II PROTECTION OF RESOURCES

### 5. Prohibited species or categories of resources

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- (1) No person may take any of the prohibited species or categories of marine resources listed in Schedule I Part A.
- (2) No person may take any of the prohibited species or categories of wildlife resources listed in Schedule I Part B.
- (3) No person may take any of the prohibited species or categories of forest resources listed in Schedule I Part C.
- (4) Any person who takes a species of marine, wildlife or forest resource whose taking is prohibited under a national law is deemed to have taken a prohibited species under this section.
- (5) In this section, "take" includes killing, injuring or otherwise interfering with the specimen, and disturbing the nest, feeding grounds, breeding area or other habitat of the protected species.

#### 6. Limitation on taking species

- No peron may take any of the species or categories of resources listed in Schedule 2 Part A of a size other than that prescribed in Schedule 2 Part A for such species or category.
- (2) No person may take any of the species or categories of resources listed in Schedule 2 Part B in quantities in excess of the quantity prescribed in Schedule 2 Part B for such species or category during any period of time prescribed in Schedule 2 Part B as a prohibited month(s) for such species or category.
- (3) No person may take any of the species or categories of resource listed in Schedule 2 Part C during any month in any year which is specified in Schedule 2 Part C in relation to such species or category as a prohibited month or year.

#### 7. Offences

- (1) Any person who breaches any of the provisions of this Part of this Ordinance commits an offence and in liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding \$5,000 or to imprisonment for 3 months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.
- (2) Any body corporate, association or cooperative who breaches any of the provisions of this part of the Ordinance is liable on conviction to:
  - (i) a fine not exceeding \$100,000: and
  - (ii) a penalty not exceeding \$50,000 to be paid to the Provincial Resource Management Fund in accordance with section 43 of this Ordinance.

#### 8. Amendment to Schedules

The Executive may by order published in the Solomon Islands Gazette add to delete from or amend the contents of Schedules 1 and 2 of this Ordinance.

#### 9. Exemptions

The following persons are exempt from compliance with the provisions of this Part:

- (a) Any person who has first obtained a valid research permit under the Research Act, or any Act or Ordinance passed in amendment or substitution therefore, or who has otherwise obtained the written consent of the Executive and the Solomon Islands Government to carry out scientific survey or other scientific works and, if appropriate, has obtained an export permit, and/or an Isabel Province Business Licence
- (b) Any person carrying on the business of farming or breeding any prohibited or protected marine, forest or wildlife resources with the prior written consent and approval of the Executive and the Ministry of Natural Resources, where the resource is being used in accordance with that consent or approval, and such person has an Isabel Province Business Licence and, if appropriate, a permit for wildlife export;
- (c) An Authorised Officer of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, Ministry of Forestry, Environment and Conservation or of the Isabel Provincial Government, where such officer is using the prohibited or protected species for research monitoring or survey studies and where

the use will have no deleterious impact on the species as a whole, or on the health or welfare of the specimen.

#### 10. Defence for Solomon Islands citizens

- It shall be a defence to a person charged with an offence under this Part of this Ordinance if, on a balance of probabilities the person is a Solomon Islands citizen indigenous to, or permanently residing in, Isabel Province; and
  - (a) the person took the prohibited or protected resource (being an edible resource) for the sole purpose of consumption by himself, his family or other persons, where no monetary reward was received or intended to be received in return for providing the resource or for the effort expended or cost incurred in taking it; or
  - (b) the person took the prohibited or protected resource for use by himself or another or other Solomon Islands citizens indigenous to, or residing permanently in, Isabel Province to use in, or to process for use in building, personal adornment, or for a customary use or purpose.
- (2) This Section shall not provide a defence to any person who purchases or exports a resource which is prohibited or protected by this Part of this Ordinance, or who sells a prohibited or protected resource to a person who is not a Solomon Islands citizen, or who exports a prohibited or protected resource which has not been processed into a souvenir.

# PART III ENVIRONMENTALLY HARMFULL ACTIVITIES

### 11. Prohibition on taking or damaging coral

- (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, no person shall take, cut, collect, blast using any explosives, harvest or remove any live coral from or in coastal waters.
- (2) Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to:
  - (a) A person indigenous to the Solomon Islands who takes, cut, collects, harvests or removes live coral for the sole purpose of producing by traditional means lime for consumption with betel nuts;
  - (b) A person indigenous to the Solomon Islands who takes, cuts, collects, harvests or removes live coral to use for traditional purposes;
  - (c) Any person who has first obtained a valid research permit under the Research Act or any Act or Ordinance passed in amendment or substitution therefore or who has otherwise obtained the written consent of the Executive and the Solomon Islands Government to carry out scientific survey or other scientific work related to corals; or

- (d) Any person who holds written authority from the Executive and Solomon Islands Government to clear a passage way or blast a channel through coral reef or otherwise remove coral for the purpose of a development or access way approved by the Executive.
- (3) It is an offence for any ship, boat, barge or other vessel to damage any coral or reef by grounding or striking the vessel on the coral or reef.

#### 12. Offence to use anchor

It shall be an offence for the Captain of any ship to cause or allow his ship to be anchored within or near any coral reef where there is a mooring, buoy, wharf or other method of securing the ship within a radius of 500 yards from the place where the ship is anchored.

#### 13. Logging

- Subject to any right, privilege or licence granted pursuant to National laws, all logging and sawmilling activities within the Isabel Province must adhere to the Isabel Province Forest Management Policy.
- (2) The Isabel Province Forest Management Policy shall be that Policy notified and published by the Isabel Province from time to time.

#### 14. Harvesting methods for marine resources

- (1) No person may use scuba gear or any other underwater breathing apparatus when harvesting any marine resource.
- (2) Any person may make use of traditional methods of harvesting or gathering marine resources, but poisonous plants may not be used as a harvesting technique for regular local consumption or harvesting for monetary reward. Poisonous plants may only be used for harvesting marine resources for special occasions such as feasts.
- (3) No person may use dynamite or other explosives when harvesting fish or other marine resources.

#### 15. Costal and marine pollution

(1) No ship, canoe, barge, or vessel, and no person on board any vessel is permitted to drop, throw overboard or discharge in coastal waters any litter rubbish, refuse, garbage or any useless or unwanted materials or equipment or oil or any other hazardous products or chemicals including but not limited to petrol and bilge water or any other matter or thing causing or likely to cause marine pollution.

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- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to the dumping or discharge of biodegradable food or other substances or human waste including sewage.
- (3) Subsection (1) includes the release of fuel, oil, bilge water, or other substances that are potentially hazardous to the marine environment as a result of the vessel running aground or otherwise striking rocks or reef, or as a result of defects in the vessel structure that could have been prevented through reasonable maintenance of the vessel.

#### 16. Freshwater pollution

- (1) No person is permitted to drop, throw, dispose of, any liquid or solid waste or any other polluting material of any kind into any river, stream or other freshwater source.
- (2) The prohibition in subsection (1) includes placing waste or other polluting material, or allowing it to be place on land, in a position where it is reasonably likely to enter any river, stream or other freshwater source.

#### 17. Offences

- (1) Any person who breaches any of the provisions contained in this Part of the Ordinance commits an offence and shall be liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding \$5,000 or imprisonment for a term of up 3 months or to both such fine and imprisonment.
- (2) Any body corporate, association or co-operative who breaches any of the provisions of this Part of the Ordinance commits an offence and is liable upon conviction to
  - (i) a fine not exceeding \$50,000; and
  - (ii) a penalty not exceeding \$20,000 to be paid to the Provincial Resource Management Fund established in accordance with section 43 of this Ordinance.
- (3) The master or owner of any ship which commits an offence, or from which an offence is committed, is guilty of an offence and liable to the same penalty as if he was a corporate officer.

#### PART V

# **RESOURCE MANAGEMENT ON CUSTOMARY LAND**

# 18. plans and polices for resources on customary land

(1) Every customary land owning group may make its own policies and plans regarding the use of resources within its land or area.

- (2) Policy satements and plans prepared by customary land owning groups shall be referred to the appropriate House of Chiefs for endorsement.
- (3) The Executive or any public officer or provincial employee designated by the Executive shall, as soon as practicable, establish and maintain at the Assembly offices a Register of Policy Statements and Plans on Customary land. The register shall define as accurately as possible the boundaries of each area covered by a Plan or Policy Statement and shall include maps of the area. The said Register shall be available for inspection between the hours of 9am and 12 noon and 1pm and 4pm Monday to Friday.

#### 19. Resource Management Order

- (1) The Executive may make Resource Management Orders by Order published in the Solomon Island Gazette.
- (2) A Resource Management Order is an Order applying to a particular area of customary land and providing for one or several of the following objectives:
  - (a) management, conservation and/or protection of marine resources, forest resources and/or wildlife resources existing on that land;
  - (b) reservation of an area for conservation of wildlife habitat or to protect representative ecosystems.
  - (c) protection of the area for spiritual or custom purposes.
- (3) A Resource Management Order may only be made if all of the procedural requirements of this Ordinance have been satisfied, and
  - (a) The proposed Resource Management Order relates to customary land;
  - (b) The boundaries of the customary land are clearly defined on a plan attached to the request for the Order;
  - (c) The Resource Management Order has been requested or consented to by all qualified requesters, and the Executive is satisfied that the request has been made after agreement between all such requesters and following consultation with holders of secondary rights who currently use the area and whose use rights would be affected by the resource management order;
  - (d) The contents of the proposed Resource Management Order would advance the objects of this Ordinance and are not contrary to the Provincial or National interest; and
  - (e) The rules of the proposed Resource Management Order are clear and unambiguous.
  - (f) The term of the proposed Resource Management Order is clearly specified.

#### 20. Request for Resource Management Orders

- (1) A request for a Resource Management Order may be made at any time in relation to any defined area of customary land by qualified requesters; such persons hereinafter called 'the Applicants'.
- (2) A request for a Resource Management Order shall be made in the form set out in Schedule 3 of this Ordinance.
- (3) Where the Executive determine that an area requires appropriate management for the protection, maintenance, or sustainable utilization of any marine, forest or wildlife resource, it may consult with the owners of the area and request that they initiate the formulation of an application in the terms outlined in this section.
- (4) Upon receiving a request for a Resource Management Order, the Executive shall consider the request and, if satisfied that it complies in all respects with the requirements of this Ordinance shall, within one month of receipt of the request, endorse its approval on the request and deliver the request to the appropriate House or Houses of Chiefs to whose area the request relates and to an Authorized Officer designated by the Executive to administer the provisions of this Part.
- (5) Upon receipt of the request endorsed with the approval of the Executive, the Authorized Officer shall forthwith cause a copy of the request to be displayed in a conspicuous place in each village within and adjacent to the area affected by the request. The Authorised Officer shall at the time of displaying the request sign it and affix to it the date of the first complete day that it will be displayed.
- Within one calendar month of the first complete day that the request is displayed, any person may give written notice of objection to the Houses of Chiefs for the area that the Applicants are not all the qualified requesters.
- (7) A copy of the notice of objection under subsection 20(6) shall be delivered by the objectors to the Provincial Secretary on behalf of the Executive, no later than one day after the day that the notice of objection is filed with the House of Chiefs.
- (8) A copy of the notice of objection shall be served on the Applicants, and such persons shall be respondents for the purpose of the objection and entitled to appear and be heard in the hearing of the House of Chiefs.

- (9) Upon hearing an objection brought to it pursuant to subsection 20(7), the House of Chiefs shall make and record determinations as to whether or not the Applicants are all the qualified requesters.
- (10) Following the hearing of the objection, the Secretary of the House of Chiefs shall deliver a copy of the determination to the Provincial Secretary on behalf of the Executive.
- (11) If the objector or the respondents are not satisfied that the determination of the House of Chiefs is correct, they may, within 21 days after the date of the determination, apply to the Isabel Council of Chiefs for a ruling on who is a qualified requester.
- (12) The Executive may by resolution make and cause to be gazetted a Resource Management Order in terms of the request, provided that:
  - (a) the time for lodging an objection to the House of Chiefs has expired and no objection has been lodged; or
  - (b) if an objection has been lodged, the determination of the House of Chiefs was to the effect that the Applicants are all of the qualified requesters and this determination has been made and delivered and no application to the Council of Chiefs under subsection 20(11) of this Ordinance has been made.
- (13) A Resource Management Order shall be in the form set out in the Form contained in Schedule 4 of this Ordinance and shall not differ substantially from the request endorsed by the Executive.
- (14) Unless otherwise provided for in the Order itself, a Resource ManagementOrder shall come into effect one month after the resolution of the Executive.
- (15) Following the making of a declaration of a Resource Management Order, the Executive shall serve copies of the Order on the House of Chiefs and the Village Chiefs of areas affected by the Order, provincial fisheries, forestry, environment and natural resources officers, and the public officer in charge of policing within the province.
- (16) On receipt of the notice under subsection (15), the village chief must, as soon as practicable, display a copy of the Order at the boundary or boundaries of the area where it can readily be seen by members of the public.

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- (17) As soon as practicable after the making of the Order, the applicants shall m the boundary of the area with appropriate signage or other markers.
- (18) In addition to any rules governing the resource management area that are specified in the application, the following activities are prohibited unless th are expressly made permissible in the resource management order:
  - (i) cutting trees for any purpose other than the construction or maintenance of a dwelling house using traditional materials and techniques;
  - (ii) clearing or cultivation of land for any purpose;
  - (iii) access for mineral reconnaissance, prospecting or mining; a
  - (iv) earthworks of any kind.

#### 21. Effect of Resource Management Orders

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- (1) Once a Resource Management Order is declared and gazetted, the rules governing that area and set out in the order become part of the laws of the Isabel Province and shall be enforceable as part of this Ordinance.
- (2) The declaration of a Resource Management Order has no bearing whatsoev on the ownership of any land.

#### 22. Register of Resource Management Orders

- The Executive or any public officer designated by the Provincial Secretary shall, as soon as practicable, establish and maintain at the Provincial Offices a Register of Resource Management Orders.
- (2) The Register shall contain:
  - (i) a copy of each Resource Management Order, including the rules relating to the area;
  - (ii) a map of the area covered by the Resource Management Or
- (3) The said Register shall be available for inspection between the hours of 9ar and 12 noon and 1pm and 4pm Monday to Friday.
- (4) The Executive or its authorized officer must furnish to the Registrar of Title copy of every Resource Management Order and any other information required to enter the declaration on the Land Register.

- 23. Variation or Revocation of Resource Management Orders
- (1) Any Resource Management Order may be varied by subsequent Order of the Executive, published in the Solomon Islands Gazette, provided:
  - (a) A request for the variation or revocation was made by the same persons or substantial the same persons as were the qualified requesters in the request for the Resource Management Order. The Executive may reject any request where it is satisfied that there is not reasonable identity between the qualified requesters and the applicants for variation or revocation; and
  - (b) The request for variation or revocation is made in writing and specifies a date on which the variation or revocation is to take place, being a date not less than 6 months from the date of the request.
- (2) Should the Executive resolve to vary or revoke a Resource Management Order, it may impose such reasonable terms and conditions upon the future use, occupation or management of the land or its resources as may be requested by the applicants..

#### 24. Offences

- (1) It shall be an offence under this section to breach any of the provisions of a Resource Management Order.
- (2) (a) Any person who breaches any of the provisions of a Resource Management Order is liable upon conviction to a fine of up to \$50000 or to imprisonment for a term of 3 months or to both such fine and imprisonment.
  - (b) Any person convicted of an offence under this section shall also be liable to pay to the Executive such sum reflecting the value of the resources taked or damage caused as the Court deems just for payment to the customary landowners by way of restitution.
  - (c) Any body corporate, association or co-operative who breaches any of the provisions of a Resource Management Order is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50000.
  - (d) Any body corporate, association or co-operate who is convicted of an offence under this section shall be liable to pay to the Executive such sum, reflecting the value of the resources taken or damage caused as the Court deems just for payment to the customary landowners by way of restitution.

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- (e) On receipt of payment under paragraph (b) or (d) of this subsection, the Executive shall forthwith pay the restitution to the signatories to the Resource Management Order request, or their administrators or assigns.
- (3) The penalties and offences set in this section shall not deprive any person of civil rights and remedies otherwise available in relation to wrongful interference with resources on customary land.

### PART V ESTABLISMENT AND MANAGEMENT OF WILDLIFE SANCTUARIES

### 25. Establishment of wildlife sanctuary

- (1) The Executive may by resolution declare an area to be a wildlife sanctuary.
- (2) Any resolution declaring a wildlife sanctuary must be published in the Solomon Islands Gazette and exhibited at the office of the Provincial Government.
- (3) The procedures and requirements for establishing a wildlife sanctuary on customary land shall be the same as those set out in Part III of this Ordinance for establishing a resource management area.
- (4) The procedure for declaring a wildlife sanctuary on any land other than custmary land shall be determined by the Executive, based on the location of the land, the proposed scope of the sanctuary and all other relevant circumstances.

#### 26. Restricted activities

In addition to any rules applicable to a particular wildlife sanctuary, prescribed in orders or regulations in accordance with section 30 of this Ordinance, the following general rules shall apply to all areas declared as wildlife sanctuaries:

- (1) It is unlawful for any person to be in possession of any arms in a wildlife sanctuary;
- (2) It is unlawful for any person to be in possession of any arms in a wildlife sanctuary, unless the person holds a permit to carry arms that issued by the Executive, or the person is a Member of the Government Armed Forces or Police and carries arms upon a duty which involves the carrying of arms.

#### 27. Duty to comply with rules governing sanctuary

 It shall be the duty of all persons visiting any wildlife sanctuary, regardless of whether they are members of the management committee, residents of the area, customary landowners or any other person, to familiarize themselves with the

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requirements of this Ordinance and any regulations made hereunder.

(2) The resident warden of any wildlife sanctuary declared under this Ordinance shall display the regulations in a prominent place where they may be conveniently read by any visitor to the wildlife sanctuary and shall use his best endeavours to bring the regulations to the notice of all visitors.

#### 28. Offences

- (1) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this part or any regulations made hereunder shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to penalties as follows:
  - (a) where the offence was not committed for commercial gain, a fine of u to \$50000 or to imprisonment for a term of 3 months or to both such fine and imprisonment;
  - (b) where the offence was committed for commercial gain, a fine of up to \$100000 or to imprisonment for a term of 2 years or to both such fine and imprisonment;
  - (c) where the offence was committed by a body corporate, association or co-operative, a fine not exceeding \$500,000;
- (2) Any person or body corporate convicted of an offence under this section shall also be liable to pay to the Executive such sum reflecting the value of the resources taken or damage caused as the Court deems just for payment to the landowners by way of restitution.
- (3) On receipt of payment under subsection (2), the Executive shall forthwith pay the restitution to the signatories to the Wildlife Sanctuary request, or their administrators or assigns.
- (4) The penalties and offences set in this section shall not deprive any person of civil rights and remedies otherwise available in relation to wrongful interference with resources in wildlife santuaries.

#### 29. Enforcement in relation to wildlife sanctuaries

- (1) Wardens bear the primary responsibility for protecting and managing wildlife sanctuaries.
- (2) All fisheries officers, whether members of the Public Service seconded to Isabel Province or direct Provincial Employees shall be wardens of wildlife

sanctuaries in Isabel Province.

- (3) The Management Committee of a wildlife sanctuary and the Provincial Executive may appoint any other person as a warden of the sanctuary for which the Management Committee is established.
- (4) Any warden or authorized officer, including any police officer, may enforce the provisions of this Part, and shall have all the powers of investigation and enforcment set out in Part 6 of this Ordinance.

#### **30.** Power to make orders and regulations

The Executive may make orders or regulations in respect of any of the following:

- (1) The mechanisms for managing a wildlife sanctuary
- (2) The composition of any committee established to oversee the management of a wildlife sanctuary
- (3) The process by which management committee members may be selected
- (4) The rules governing the funding, operation, decision-making procedures and all other aspects of the operation of the management committee
- (5) The persons who may be admitted to a wildlife sanctuary and the process by which permission may be granted
- (6) The rules governing conduct within a wildlife sanctuary
- (7) The management of natural resources within any wildlife sanctuary and any other matter which may be necessary to effectively carry out the objects of the sanctuary.

#### 31. Recognition and saving of existing sanctuaries

Any wildlife sanctuary established or declared under any earlier or repealed Provincial Ordinance, including the Arnavon Conservation Area, shall be deemed to be a wildlife sanctuary declared under this Ordinance, and the rules and management arrangements applicable thereto shall continue as if they were made under this Ordinance.

### PART VI ENFORCEMENT

#### 32. Local enforcement

(1) The primary responsibility for enforcing the provisions of this Ordinance or the rules of any resource management area or wildlife sanctuary rest with the local community in whose area the breach is said to have occurred.

- (2) To clarify subsection (1), this means that wherever possible, breaches of resource management orders should be remedied using traditional enforcement and dispute settlement processes and penalties, in accordance with the procedures set down in the rules governing the resource management area.
- If no procedures are specified in the rules governing a resource management area the process for local enforcement set out in subsections (4) to (13) (inclusive) of this section, shall apply in default.
- (4) The village committee in each village shall nominate one chief to act as the person responsible for enforcing the provisions of this ordinance.
- (5) The nominee of the village committee shall be approved by the House of Chiefs for the area.
- (6) Where a village has no village committee, the House of Chiefs for the area shall appoint a chief from that village to enforce the provisions of the Ordinance.
- In addition to any penalties ordinarily imposed in accordance with the custom of the area, if the village chief or leader determines that a breach has been committed, she or he may make any or all of the following orders:
  - (i) payment of a penalty payable to the village committee or, where there is no village committee, the House of Chiefs;
  - (ii) payment of a penalty to the owners of the resources removed, damaged or destroyed;
  - (iii) that the person who committed the breach work for a specified period of community service;
  - (iv) that the person who committed the breach restore or rehabilitate the damaged area;
  - (v) that the person surrender the vessel, gear or other equipment used to commit the breach either permanently or until such time as other orders have been complied with.
- (8) It is the duty of chiefs appointed to enforce the provisions of this Ordinance to do so in good faith, using their best efforts.
- (9) Any person who is dissatisfied with the decision of the chief may appeal to the village committee, or if there is no village committee, the House of Chiefs, for its determination.
- (10) The intention to appeal under subsection (9) shall be made by notifying the village committee or house of chiefs in writing, within 30 days of the chief's decision.
- (11) Any person who is dissatisfied with the decision of the village committee or House of Chiefs in hearing an appeal under subsection (9) may apply to the High Court of Solomon Islands for judicial review of that decision on one or more of the following grounds:

- (i) that the process by which the decision was made involved a denial of natural justice;
- (ii) that the decision was such that no reasonable decision-maker in the same position could have made that decision;
- (iii) that the decision involved an error of law
- (12) In addition to traditional investigation and enforcement powers ordinarily held and exercised by local leaders and chiefs, the Executive may confer the powers of an Authorised Officer on the village chief or another body established to manage an area created by a Resource Management Order or Wildlife Sanctuary Declaration.
- (13) Failure to comply with decision of a village chief, village committee or, where applicable, House of Chiefs, is an offence punishable by a fine not exceeding \$5000 or imprisonment or a term of up to 3 months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

#### **33.** Powers of Authorised Officers

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For the purposes of ascertaining whether there is or has been any contravention of the provisions of this Ordinance, any authorised officer may:

- (1) at all reasonable hours enter any establishment and premises, other than a premises used exclusively as a dwelling house;
- (2) stop, board and search any vessel or canoe, whether foreign or local, within the waters of the Isabel Province;
- (3) stop and search any vehicle transporting or reasonably suspected of transporting any prohibited or protected species or products thereof.
- (4) make such examination and inquiry as may appear necessary to him concerning any premises, establishment, vessel or vehicle in relation to which any of the powers conferred by this section have been or may be exercised and take samples of any prohibited or protected species found therein;
- (5) if it appears to the authoresed officer that a person is doing an act for which a licence or other authority is required under this Ordinance, require that person to produce his licence or his authority and take a copy of such licence or other authority.

#### 34. Powers of authorised officers without a warrant

(1) Where an authorised officer has reasonable grounds for believing that an offence against the provisions of this Ordinance has been committed, he may without a warrant:

- (a) stop, board search any vessel, canoe or vehicle, whether local or foreign, which he believes has been used in the commission of that offence or in relation to which he believes such offence has been committed;
- (b) search the packages belonging to any person, whether in their personal possession or found within any premises, vehicle, vessel or canoe;
- (c) arrest any person whom he believes has committed such an offence, and if the authorised officer making such arrest is not a police officer, or in the absence of a police officer, shall take such person to the nearest police station:
- (d) seize any equipment, gear, explosive, poison or other noxious substance which he believes has been used, carried, possessed or controlled in the commission of such offence;
- (e) seize any species of forest, wildlife or marine resource, or product thereof, which he believes to have been taken in contravention of this Ordinance.
- (2) The authorised officer concerned shall give a written receipt for anything seized under subsection (1) to the person from whom the seizure is made.
- (3) Anything seized under subsection (1) (d) may be detained pending the outcome of any legal proceedings under this Ordinance.
- (4) Any species of forest, wildlife or marine resource, or product thereof, seized under subsection (1) (e) may be returned to its natural habitat forthwith where the authorised officer considers it necessary to do so for the survival of the resource, or may otherwise be detained pending the outcome of any legal proceedings under this Ordinance.

#### 35. Wilful obstruction

Any person who wilfully obstructs, assaults or threatens an authorised officer in the exercise of his powers shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding \$1000 or imprisonment for up to 3 months or both fine and imprisonment.

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#### **36.** Failure to comply with enquiry

Any person who fails to comply with any lawful enquiry made by any authorised officer under this Ordinance, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding \$500.

## **37.** Identification of authorised officers

Any authorised officer acting in the exercise of his powers under this Ordinance shall, on demand produce such document of identification or other evidence as may be reasonably sufficient to show that he is an authorised officer for the purposes of this Ordinance.

## 38. No liability of authorised officers

No authorised officer shall be personally liable in respect of any act done or omitted by him in good faith in the execution of his powers and duties under this Ordinance.

## **39.** Destroying of evidence

Any person who destroys any species or product thereof, or any equipment, gear, explosive, poison, noxious substance or any other thing whatsoever with the intent to avoid the seizure of the said substance or thing, or the detection of any offence, is guilty of an offence and liable to a fine not exceeding \$1,000.

## 40. **Power of forfeiture**

- (1) In addition to any other penalty it may impose, where any person is convicted of an offence under this Ordinance, the court may order the sale, forfeiture or disposal of any of the following, as it sees fit:
  - (i) any species or product thereof taken, disturbed or otherwise interfered with as part of the offence;
  - (ii) any equipment, ger or other substance used in the commission of such offence or in respect of which such offence has been committed;
  - (iii) the proceeds of sale of such species or product thereof or equipment, gear or other substance used in the commission of such offence.
- (2) Where the court orders the sale, forfeiture of disposal of any items or money listed in subsection (1), it shall transfer such assets or money to the Executive with an order that: (1), it shall transfer such assets or money to the Executive with an order that:
  - (i) the Executive dispose of assets and pay the proceeds as restitution to landowners who have been adversely affected by the breach; or,
  - (ii) where no landowners have been adversely affected, that the Executive deposit the sums in the Provincial Resource Management Fund established under section 43; or
  - (iii) where the consider considers it appropriate, some combination of (i) and (ii) above.

## 41. Power to order repair or remediation

In addition to any other penlty it may impose, where any person is convicted of an offence under this Ordinance, the court may order that the person repair, rehabilitate or otherwise restore the environment or natural resources of the area in which the breach occurred, or reimburse the Executive for such restoration or rehabilitation work undertaken by the Province.

## 42. Revocation or suspension of Provincial Business Licence

- (1) Where the Provincial Secretary has reason to suspect that the holder of an Isabel Province Business Licence may have committed an offence under this Ordinance, the Provincial Secretary may serve a notice on the holder of the licence requiring him to explain the circumstances giving rise to the suspicion.
- (2) The licence holder must respond to the notice.
- (3) If the Provincial Secretary is not satisfied that the business licence holder is taking appropriate action to ensure compliance with this Ordinance, he may refer the matter to the Executive.
- (4) When the Executive receives a referral from the Provincial Secretary as set out in subsection (3), the Executive may:
  - (I) impose new terms and conditions on the person's Isabel Province Business Licence;
  - (ii) suspend the person's Isabel Province Business Licence; or
  - (iii) revoke the person's Isabel Province Business Licence.
- (5) This section applies notwithstanding that a holder of an Isabel Province Business Licence has not been charged or found guilty of any offence under ' this Ordinance.

## 43. Resource Management Fund

- In accordance with Part VI 'Special Funds' of the Isabel Province Management Ordinance 1984, the Executive shall set up a Special Fund to be called the Resource Management Fund ('the Fund').
- (2) Rules made in respect of the Fund in accordance with section 37 of the Isabel Province Financial Management Ordinance shall include provisions that the Fund must be applied:
  - (i) for the administration and enforcement of this Ordinance;
  - (ii) for any survey or other work undertaken for the purposes of managing marine, wildlife and forest resources of the Province;

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- (iii) for the establishment and maintenace of Public Registers of both Plans and Policy Statements, and of Resource and Management Orders;
- (iv) for public awareness programmes and publications relating to the management of marine, wildlife and forest of the Province.
- 44. Liability of company officers
- (1) Where a body corporate, association or cooperative commits an offence under this Ordinance with the consent, participation or connivance of or because of neglect or omission by an individual, the individual is guilty of the same offence as the body corporate, association or cooperative if at the time of the offence
  - (a) the individual was a director, manager, secretary or other senior officer of the body corporate, association or co-operative;or
  - (b) the individual was holding out that he was such an executive officer of the kind listed in paragraph (a); or
  - (c) the individual was a member of a body corporate, association or co-operative which is managed by its members.
- (2) Where a company officer is convicted of an offence by virtue of this section, he or she is subject to the same penalties as apply to the company itself, but may also by sentenced to a term of imprisonment of up to two years, either instead of or in addition to any fine.
- (3) A company officer may be convicted under this section regardless of whether the company of which the person is an officer has been prosecuted.

### 45. Repeal & transitional arrangements

- (1) The following Ordinance are hereby repealed:
  - (i) The Isabel Province Marine and Freshwater Areas Ordinance 1993
  - (ii) The Isabel Province Conservation Areas Ordinance 1993
  - (iii) The Isabel Province Wildlife Sanctuary Ordinance 1995
- (2) Any marine or freshwater area, conservation area or wildlife sanctuary declared under any repealed ordinance shall be deemed to be an area declared under Part III or IV of this Ordinance and its management rules shall be recognized as a management plan under this Ordinance.

## SCHEDULE 1 PROHIBITED SPECIES OR CATEGORY OF RESOURCE Section 6

PART A (Subsection 6(1)) Prohibited Marine Resource

Any of the following live marine resource not farmed or propagated subject to permit for commercial purposes.

Thdacna gigas - giant clam Tridactmderasa - smooth giant clam Ttidacnasouarnosa - fluted giant clam Ttidacna maxima - rugose giant clam Ttidanacnicea - boring clam Hippopus hippopus - horses hoof clam Charonia triponis - pacific trident Holothuria scabra - sandfish Oyster shell of the genus Pinctada All turtles of whatever species Any female crayfish of whatever species which is carrying eggs externally or from which the eggs have been removed. Any coconut crab of whatever species which is carrying eggs or from which eggs have been removed.

PART B (Subsection 6(2)) Prohibited Wildlife Resource

Solomvs nonceleti - giant rat Solomvs sanieus - giant rat Hromvs rex - giant rat Pteralooex atrata - monkey-faced flying fox Pteralcoex ancens - monkey-faced flying fox Dobsonia - all species, naked-hack bats Macrodossus rninimus - dagger-toothed flower bat Melonvctehs - all species, tube-nosed bat Pteralopex - all species, fruit bat Pteropus - all species fruit bat а,

PART C (Subsection 6 (3)) Prohibited Forest Resource

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Any of the following live forest resource

Saline swamp forest (Mangroves) Freshwater swamp forest (Terminalia spp and Metroxilon spp.)

## SCHEDULE 2 PROTECTED SPECIES Section 7

## PART A (Subsection 7(1)) Protected species or category of Marine / Wildlife / Forest Resource

Holothuria nobilis, black teatifish Holothuriaftiscon,mctata elephant trunk fish Thelenota ananas, prickly redfisy Actinoyv Qaniliatis, black fish Actinoyvga ecbimtis deep water redfish Panuliris, crayfish

Birgus latro - coconut crab

## Any trochus shell

### Prescribed Min/max size

11 cm dry (min) 12 cm dry (min) 11 cm dry (min) 11 cm dry (min) 5 cm dry (min) 8 cm (ruin) carapace length when measured along the midline from immediately behind the rostral horn to the carapace from immediately behind the rostral horn to the rear edge of the carapace in the midline. 9 cm (min) when measured along the carapace from immediately behind the rostral horn to the rear edge of the carapace in the midline.

8 cm (min) 12 cm (max) measured across the base.

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## Part B (Subsection 7(2)) Prescribed species or category of Quantity Prescribed Time Marine Wildlife/Forest Resource

NIL

## Part C (Subsection 7 (3))

Protected species or category of Marine / Wildlife / Forest Resource **Prescribed Periods Prohibited** 

Turbo marmoratus green snail.

10 years, 1994 - 2003 (inclusive)

Turtle nests or eggs of whatever species

June, July, August and November, December, January

## SCHEDULE 3

## **REQUEST FOR**

## **RESOURCE MANAGEMENT ORDER/** WILDLIFE SANCTUARY DECLARATION\*

To the Provincial Executive

We request that the Provincial Executive make a Resource Management Order/Wildlife Sanctuary Declaration\* in the following terms:

- 1. The boundaries of the land are described as follows and as marked and outlined in on the plan attached.
- 2. The rules and enforcement mechanisms governing the Resource Management Order or Wildlife Sanctuary Declaration which we request the Executive to make part of the laws of the Isabel Province are as follows/set out in the attached annex\*:

[Note: The following are examples only. You should clearly state here what marine resource, forest resource or wildlife resource prohibitions, management regimes and protections you require. You may need to use a different form of wording from what is used here as an example. You may prepare these rules as a separate document and include as an annex to this request.]

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- No person is permitted within the area affected by this Order to take any of the species or categories of \*marine resource / \*forest resource / \* wildlife resource listed here: (list species or categories)
- 2. Harvesting of listed species is limited to specified periods, specified quantities, and specified sizes (list as relevant)
- 3. Within the area affected by the order no person is permitted to take any indigenous forest resource for the purpose of commercial logging of any sort.
- 4. Within the area affected by the Order no person is permitted to take any of the following species or category of resource. (list the prohibited species of forest/marine/wildlife resource).
- 5. Within the area affected by the Order no person is permitted to take for the purpose of exporting any of the following species of wildlife. (Name the prohibited species of wildlife).
- 3. Term of Resource Management Order/Wildlife Sanctuary Declaration\*
- 4. We the undersigned acknowledge that we are aware that if this request is approved by the Executive, and is not appealed against successfully, it will be gazetted in the Solomon Islands Gazette. It will then become part of the laws of the Isabel Province. There will be penalties for not obeying it. Once an Order is made, it can be changed unless the Executive agrees to vary or revoke it.
- 5. Names and signatures of all the qualified requesters.

We certify that we have discussed this Resource Management Order Request/Wildlife Sanctuary Request with the communities which will be affected by it, and that we substantially have their agreement to it.

SIGNED by and on behalf of the land owning group/tribe.

Names Signatures Title (if any)

## Provincial endorsement (The following is for official use ony)

- 1. We the Isabel Provincial Executive have on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20 \_\_\_\_ considered this Resource Management/Wildlife Sanctuary Order Request relating to the area mark on the attached plan or map.
- We are satisfied that the request complies in all respects with the Isabel Province Resource Management and Environmental Protection Ordinance 2006 and hereby <u>ENDORSE</u> the request under the hand of the Premier, Isabel Province.

Seal

Premier Signature

## OR\*

 We are <u>NOT</u> satisfied that the request complies in all respects with the Isabel Province Resource Management and Environmental Protection Ordinance 2006, for the reasons set out below.
 We therefore REJECT the request uner the hand of the Premier, Isabel Province, and return to the requesters for correction and resubmission.

Reasons:

Premier Signature Seal

{Authorised Officer} hereby certify that I will display this Resource management/Wildlife Sanctuary Order Request, endorsed by the Executive, in Village, and the first complete day it will be displayed is the day of 20

Secretary

\*Delete if inapplicable

## SCHEDULE 4 FORM OF RESOURCE MANAGEMENT ORDER OR WILDLIFE SANCTUARY DECLARATION

I, do this ...... day of ...... 20, declare the area boundaries of the land and/or coastal waters described as follows and as marked and outlined on the plan attached to be a Resource Management Area/Wildlife Sanctuary and subject to the rules and procedures governing that area by virtue of the Isabel Province Resource Management and Environmental Protection Ordinance 2006.

## **PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1997**

## ISABEL PROVINCE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ORDINANCE 2005

## ARNAVON CONSERVATION AREA EXECUTIVE REGULATIONS

1. These regulations are made under Section 23 of the Isabel Province Resource Management and Environmental Protection Ordinance 2006.

## 2. In these regulations:

"Executive" means the Isabel Provincial Executive.

"Management Committee" means the committee appointed for the management and administration of the land to which the Principal Ordinance relates which shall include:

- i) The Director of the Division of Environment and Conservation of the Ministry of Natural Resources, *ex officio*;
- Two members from each of the communities of Posarae,
   Waghena and Kia, to be elected by those communities and approved by the executive. The election and/or appointment of such members shall be by any manner acceptable to the community that they are to represent;
- iii) A Solomon Islands field representative of The Nature Conservancy, or a representative of such other non-government organization that is prepared to assume financial responsibility for the administration of the area.

- iv) The Senior Fisheries Officers representing the Provinces of Isabel and Choiseul.
- 4. The term of office for the elected members of the Committee shall be three years, but members may be re-elected.

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6.

- (i) The Management Committee shall be responsible for preparing a management plan for the Area.
  - (ii) The Management plan shall be approved by the local communities and the Provincial executive before it is adopted.
  - (i) Decision-making within the Management Committee shall be by consensus
    - (ii) Decisions of the Management committee must be approved by the Executive.
- 7. The Management Committee shall attempt to resolve disputes, conflicts or disagreements arising between participating communities, but nothing in this provision shall prevent any person from referring any matter to a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 8. In addition to the preparation of the management plan, the duties of the Management committee are to:
  - a) protect the nesting ground and rookery of the hawksbill and other turtles in the area;
  - b) provide for the management and sustainable use of other marine and terrestrial resources for subsistence small scale commercial uses;
  - c) monitor and evaluate the status of resources and the effects of the management programme on those resources;
  - consult with local communities and relevant Provincial Officers in the planning, establishment, management and monitoring process for the area;

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- e) present a detailed progress report to the Provincial Executive at least once per year.
- 9. a) No person may enter, visit or reside in the area except in accordance with a permit issued in accordance with these regulations.
  - b) Persons wishing to visit the area must submit an application to the Management committee outling the purpose and anticipated length of their proposed visit.
  - c) The Management Committee shall be responsible for issuing permits to applicants wishing to visit the area and advising applicants of their obligation to comply with the laws and regulations governing their their conduct in the area.

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- d) Before the management committee grants a permit to a person wishing to conduct research or commercial photography, it must first be satisfied that the applicant holds a Provincial business licence issued by the Executive.
- e) Restrictions and conditions may be included on the permit to visit the area.
- f) If any applicant is aggrieved by a refusal to grant such a permit, then may appeal to the Provincial Executive, whose decision on the matter shall be final.
- g) The requirement to obtain a permit does not apply to:
  - i. The warden
  - ii. Any person whose ordinary place of residence is within the area.
  - iii. Any person who is seeking shelter or a safe harbour in the area due and during a bona fide emergency.
- 10. In addition to the requirement that visitors to the area obtain a permit, the following restrictions and prohibitions apply to any and all persons visiting or residing in the area:
  - a) Harvesting, capture, killing or disturbance of any of the following species, including interference with their nesting, breeding or feeding habitat is prohibited:
    - v. turtles of all species and their eggs
    - vi. blacklip and goldlip pearl shell
    - vii. trochus and beche-de-mer
    - viii. giant clams
    - ix. green snail
    - x. milk fish (vulu or baneva)
    - xi. pigeons (kurukuru or bakuba)
    - xii. megapodes
  - b) Commercial fishing of reef fish, using any method whatsoever, is prohibited. Harvesting of reef fish for subsistence purposes is permitted.
  - c) The use of scuba and hookah gear for harvesting any marine resource is prohibited.
  - d) The cutting of any live vegetation from any part of the area is prohibited.
  - e) Other resources not listed in any of the foregoing subsections may be removed from the area.
  - f) Collection of dead timber for firewood is only permitted for subsistence purposes while in the area

- g) Collection of firewood for drying bech-de-mer or copra is prohibited.
- h) Bringing of plants into or dispersal of seeds, plants or animals in the Area is prohibited.
- All solid waste, including tin cans, plastics, glass and styrofoam must be removed from the island and disposed of in an environmentally appropriate way.
- 11. Camping is not permitted except at the designated camp site on Kerehikepa Island.
- 12. All visitors to the area shall notify the warden as soon as possible after their arrival in the area.
- 13. (1) It shall be the duty of all persons visiting the area, regardless of whether they a members of the management committee, residents of the area, customary landowners or any other person, to familiarize themselves with the requirements of this Ordinance and any regulations made thereunder.
  - (2) The resident warden of the area shall display the regulations in a prominent place where they may be conveniently read by any visitor to the wildlife santuary and shall use his best endeavours to bring the regulations to the notice of all visitors.
- 14. All visitors shall complete and entry in a visitors register, including name, address, place of origin, purpose of visit, next destination, means of travel, and length of intended stay in the area.
- 15. The Management Committee shall distribute copies of these Regulations to any Government department whose officer may visit the area, including the Departments of Forests Environment & Conservation; Fisheries; Customs and Excise; Immigration; Culture & Tourism, and Communication Aviation and Meteorology; Education and the Royal Solomon Islands Police. The copy of the Regulations shall include a request that the Department bring them to the notice of any officer intending to visit the area.
- 16. Any visitor intending to carry out research activities or photography for commercial or monetary gain or reward.
- 17. The Isabel Province Wildlife Sanctuary Ordinance Executive Regulations 1995 are repealed upon entry into force of these regulations.

These Regulations passed by the Isabel Provincial Assembly on the .....

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(STANDARD SIGNATURE PAGE FOR ALL ORDINANCES)						
Approved by the Isabel Provincial Assembly this twenty third day of February 2006						

Seal of the Province

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Clerk to the Assembly

Speaker to Assembly

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Date

Premier of Isabel Province

Date

Date

Assented to by the Minister pursuant to Section 32 and 34 of the Act, after a finding that this Ordinance relate to matters within the legislative competence of the Assembly and that it does not conflict with the policy of the Solomon Islands Government.

Minister of Provincial Government & Constituency Development

Date

[Legal Notice 59]

## THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1997 (NO. 7 OF 1997)

## THE MALAITA PROVINCE (SIKAIANA ATOLL) CONTROL OF PIGS ORDINANCE 2005

## AN ORDINANCE

## TO CONTROL AND REGULATE THE KEEPING OF DOMESTIC PIGS ON TH FOUR ISLANDS OF SIKAIANA ATOLL IN MALAITA PROVINCE

## Enacted by the Malaita Provincial Assembly

1.	This Ordinance may be cited as the Malaita Province	Short Title
	(Sikaiana Atoll) Control of Pigs Ordinance 2005.	
2.	This Ordinance shall come into force after assent by the Minister	
	in accordance with section 30(2) of the Provincial Government	
	Act 1997 and subsequent publication in the Solomon Islands	
	Gazette.	
3.	In this Ordinance:	Definitions
	"Pigs" means any domestic pig not less than four months old.	
	"Province" means Malaita Province.	
	"Owner" means, in relation to any pig, the occupier of any pre-	
	mises on which, or around which, it is ordinarily kept or	
	permitted to live and includes any person into whose care	
	the pig may temporarily be placed or who may care for it.	
	"Village Committee" means a committee of not less than six mer	n-
	bers elected annually by a show of hands of the members	
	of the community whose main task is to control and regu-	
	late the keeping of domestic pigs of Sikaiana Atolls in	
	Malaita Province.	
4.	Any owner who wilfully or negligently allows anypig to roam	Pigs not
	uncontrolled anywhere in the four islands of Sikaiana Atoll and in	allowed to
	the case of a house or a village within twenty yards of such house	roam and
	(be it a dwelling or non-dwelling house) or village shall be guilty	crimal
	of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one	penalties
	hundred dollars or in default to a term of imprisonment not	
	exceeding four weeks and shall be liable for a continuing offence	

to a further penalty of twenty dollars for each day on which the

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offence is continued after Written Notice of the offence has been served on the offender or in default of payment to a term of imprisonment not exceeding eight weeks.

5.

- Any owner who willfully or negligently allows any pig to roam uncontrolled anywhere in the four islands of Sikaiana Atoll or on the case of a house or a village within twenty yards of such house (be it a dwelling or non-dwelling house) or village upon notice (written or verbal) being given to him of such transgression by a member of the Village Committee, cause such transgression to be rectified within a period not exceeding twenty four hours from time such notice was given and in default thereof shall pay to the Village Committee a penalty of two dollars per day for each day the transgression continues thereafter PROVIDED THAT payment of such a penalty shall not prejudice any criminal proceedings under Section 4 of this Ordinance.
- Any owner who keeps a pig within or under any dwelling 6. house or within twenty yards of any dwelling house in the four islands of Sikaiana Atoll shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or Pigs not to be in default to a term of imprisonment not exceeding four weeks Kept near or and shall be liable for a continuing offence to a further penalty Under of twenty dollars for each day on which the offence is continued Dwellings after written notice of the offence has been served on the offender and Defence or in default of payment to a term of imprisonment not exceeding for such eight weeks PROVIDED THAT an owner shall not be guilty of an transgression offence under this Section if it can be shown that the pig is permanetly housed in a structure used only for the keeping of pigs and not used for human habitation and which is situated over salt water.
- 7. The owner of any pig which causes damage to garden crops or other property in the four Islands of Sikaiana Atoll shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred or in default of payment to a term of imprisonment not exceeding four weeks PROVIDED THAT such a conviction shall be without prejudice to the right of the owner or owners of such garden crops or other property to take civil

Damages of garden by pigs An offence

proceedings for compensation in respect of the loss and damage suffered.

- All monies paid as civil penalties under section 5 of this Ordinance Use of civil shall be under the custody and control of the Village Committee penalties who shall use such funds for purposes approved by the majority of the people residing on Sikaiana Atoll at any given time.
- 9.. It shall be lawful for any police officer, medical officer, an area Enquiry constable, any member of the Village Committee or any other officer or person so authorized by the Executive of the Province to make enquiries at any reasonable time in order to ascertain whether any breach of this Ordinance is being or has been committed.
- 10. Any person who obstruct or impedes any police officer, medical officer, area constable, any member of the Village Committee or Obstruction authorized officer or person acting in the due exercise of their powers under this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars or in default of payment to term of imprisonment not exceeding eight weeks or to both such a fine and imprisonment.
- 11. In every proceeding arising out of or under this Ordinance every Evidence pigs shall be presumed to be over the age of four months and the burden of proof to the contrary shall rest upon the Defendant.
- 12. The Malaita Province Control of Pigs, Ordinance 1995 shall cease to apply to the four Islands of Sikaiana Atoll upon the Malaita Province (Sikaiana Atoll) control of Pigs Ordinance 2005 coming into force in accordance with **section 2** of this Ordinance.

Passed by the Malaita Provincial Assembly this eigth day of June, 2006

## MATTHEW MAEFAI Clerk to Assembly

Assented to by the Minister this twenty first day of July, 2006

## HON. JAPHET WAIPORA

Minister of Provincial Government and Constituency Development

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[Legal Notice 60]

## PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1997 NO. 7 of 1997

The Central Islands Province 2006/2007 Appropriation Ordinance

## AN ORDINANCE

TO

Appropriate the sum of Four million, eight hundred and sixteen thousand five hundred and twenty four dollars (\$4,816,524.00) for Recurrent and Fifteen million, nine hundreds and eighty thousand, and fifty dollars on Capital and Development expenditure to the service of the financial year ending 31st March 2007

Enacted by the Central Islands Province Assembly with Assent of the Minister as follows:-

- This Ordinance may be cited as the Central Islands Province 2006/2007 Appropriation Ordinance 2006 and short title of shall come into EFFECT on the date it is assented to by the Minister in accordance with Section 30 of the Commence-ment
   Short title of Commence-ment

   Provincial Government Act 1997
   ment
- This issue of the sum of \$4,816,524.00 from Provincial Funds is hereby authorized to be applied to the Funds Authorization services the Financial Year ending 31st March 2007
   from
- 3. The some specified in the precedeing section shall be appropriated for the supply of Heads and Subheads Appropriation specify in schedule and in the amounts respectively in relation hereto.

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4. In accordance with section 36(1) of the Act. Payment out of the Provincial Fund in advance of the Appropria- Provision of tion shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum authorized from the Appropriation Ordinance and in accordance Funds with Part III of the Central Islands Province Management Ordinance 1994.

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- 5. The financial limit on the Provincial Overdraft and Borrowing shall be in accordance with Section 40 of the Borrowing Act and shall Not exceed such sum as may be fixed for the Executive by Order of the Minister.
- 6. The financial statement 2006/2007 Appropriation are contained in schedule A to this Ordinance.

Hon. Mark R. Kemakeza Central Islands Province Premier

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Made under the Common Seal of the Central Islands Provincial Assembly this 31st Day of March, 2006

Hon. Japhet. Waipora. Minister for Provincial Government & Constituency Development.

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Assented to by the Honorable Minister for Provincial Government this 29th Day of June, 2006

Passed by the CENTRAL ISLANDS PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY this 31st Day of March, 2006

THE CENTRAL ISLANDS PROVINCE 2006/2007 APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE

[Legal Notice 61]

**Gabriel Agutuzepo** Clerk to CIP Assembly (Ag)



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## THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1997 (NO. 7 OF 1997)

## THE CENTRAL ISLANDS PROVINCE

## **Contingency Warrant**

A warrant to Appropriate the sum of One million, two hundred and fifty one thousand, nine hundred and forty six dollars (1,251,946.00) to the sevices of

# "CENTRAL ISLANDS PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY"

for the interim period 1st April - 30th June, 2006

Endorsed by

Hon. Mark R. Kemakeza Premier & Provincial Minister for Finance Central Islands Province

[Legal Notice 63]

## PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1997 (NO. 7 OF 1997)

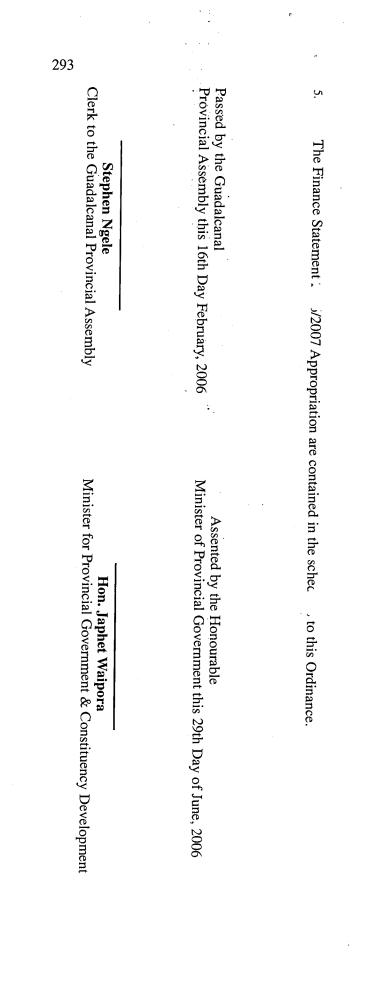
The Guadalcanal Province 2006/2007 Appropriation Ordinance

## An Ordinance To

Appropriate Seven Million Six Hundred and Ninety Thousand Six Hundred and Eighty One Dollars to the service of the financial year ending 31st March, 2006.

Enacted by the Guadalcanal Province Assembly with the Assent of the Minister as follows:

- 292 . This Ordinance shall be entitled the Guadalcanal Province Appropriate Ordinance 2006/2007 and shall come Short Title into force by being passed by the Assembly and assented by the Minister in accordance with Section 30 of Commence the Provincial Government Act 1997 and publication in the Solomon Islands Gazette. Commencement
- 2. The Appropriation from the Provincial Fund is hereby authorised for the sum of Six Million Eight Hundred Authorisation and Seventeen Thousand, and Ninety Dollars for Recurrent; Four Million Six Hundred and Eleven Thousand Issue from the One Hundred and Sixty One Dollars only for Capital Development Expenditures to be applied for the purposes specified in section 32(2) of the Provincial Government Act 1997 for the services of the financial year ending 31st March 2006.
- 3. The Sum specified in the preceding section shall be appropriated for the supply of the head (codes) and in the amount respectively specified in the schedule to this Ordinance.
- In poordance with continu 36
- 4. In accordance with section 36(1) of the Provincial Government Act 1997, Payment out of the Provincial Fund Provisions in advance of the Appropriation shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum authorized from the Appropriation Of Funds Ordinance and in accordance with Part iii of the Guadalcanal Provincial Financial Management Ordinance.



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[Legal Notice 64]

## RENNELL BELLONA PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY. APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE 2006 AN

ORDINANCE

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TO

Appropriate the sum of Four million nine hundred thirty four thousand four hundred and ninety seven dollars to the services of the financial year ending 31st March, 2006.

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Approved by the Rennell Bellona Provincial Assembly.

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S.	4.	. <u></u> .3	ij	1.			
The total sum authorized by advances warrants issued by the Premier in exercise of his powers under Part 3 Advances of the Rennell Bellona Province Financial Management Ordinance 2006 for the financial year ending 31st	The total of the authorized Contingencies Warrant issued by the Premier in exercise of his powers under Part Contingencies 3 of the Rennell Bellona Financial Management Ordinance 2006 for the financial year ending 31st of March Warrant 2007 shall not exceed the Heads of Recurrent Expenditure of \$497,000.00	The sum specified in the proceeding sections shall be appropriated for the supply of the heads specified and Appropriation in amounts respectively specified in relaiton thereto in the schedule of the Ordinance	The Appropriation from the Provincial Fund is hereby authorizing the sum of Four Million, Nine Hundred Authorization of Thirty Four Thousand, Four Hundred Ninety Seven Dollars to be applied for the purposes specified in the section 36 [2] of the PGA and for the service of the financial year ending 31st of March 2007. From the Provincial Fund	This Ordinance shal be entitled the Rennell Bellona Province 2006/2007 Appropriation Ordinance and hall Short Title come into effect upon approval of the Minister in accordanc with section 30(2) of the Provincial Commencement Government Act 1997 published in the Solomon Islands Gazettes.	Το	An Ordinance	<b>RENNELL BELLONA PROVINCE APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE 2006/2007</b>

[Legal Notice 65]

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PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1997 (NO. 7 OF 1997)

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## **RENNELL BELLONA PROVINCE.**

## 2006/2007 APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE 2006

Passed by the Rennell Bellona Provincial Assembly this 17th Day of March, 2006.

This printed impression has been compared by me with the Ordinance passed by the Rennell Bellona Provincial Assembly and found by me to be true and correct copy of the said Ordinance.

Clerk to Rennell Bellona Provincial Assembly.

Assented to by the Honourable Minister for Provincial Government this 29th Day of June, 2006.

Hon. Japhet Waipora Minister for Provincial Government & Constituency Development

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Hon. Japhet Waipora Minister for Provincial Government & Constituency Development

Assented to by the Honourable Minister for Provincial Government this 29th Day of June, 2006.

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[Legal Notice 66]

SANTA ISABEL PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY

**APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE 2006** 

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JOHN PATTESON RIUMONO Clerk

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Ordinance passed by the Santa Isabel Province Assembly as found by me to be true and correct copy of the said Ordinance.

Enacted by the Santa Isabel Provincial Assembly this 6th Day of March, 2006

SANTA ISABEL PROVINCE ASSEMBLY

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[Legal Notice 68]

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## **PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1997**

298

## (NO: 7 OF 1997)

## The Makira Ulawa Province 2006/2007 Appropriation Ordinance

## AN ORDINANCE

### TO

Appropriate Four million seven hundred and ninety eight thousand, four hundred and ninety three dollars to the Services of the financial year ending 31st March, 2007.

Enacted by the Makira Ulawa Provincial Assembly with the Assent of the Minister as follows:

1.	This Ordinance may be cited as the Makira Ulawa Province	Short title &
	2006/2007 Appropriation Ordinance 2006 and Shall come into	Commencement
	effect on the date it is assented to by the Minister of Provincial	
	Government in accordance with Section 30 of the Provincial	
	Government Act 1997.	

 The issue of the sum of Four million seven hundred and ninety eight thousand four hundred and ninety three dollars to be applied to the services of the financial year ending 31st
 March 2007.

Funds

3. The sum specified in the preceding section shall be appropriated for the supply of Heads and Subheads specified in the schedule and in the amounts respectively in relation thereto.

## George Kuata Clerk to the Makira Ulawa Provincial Assembly

Assented to by the Honourable Minister for Provincial Government this 29th Day of June, 2006

## HON. JAPHET WAIPORA

Minister of Provincial Government and Constituency Development

## 299 <u>SCHEDULE</u>

## (Section 3)

## Recurrent Expenditure

<u>Heads</u>	Particulars Au	thorised Expenditure
300	Provincial Assembly	\$125,595.00
301	Administration	\$392.920.00
302	Finance	\$878,620.00
303	Provincial Reforms & Community Governace	\$531,428.00
304	Provincial Resources Development (Fisheries)	\$175,943.00
305	Provincial Resources Development	
	(Agriculture & Forestry)	\$ 28,777.00
306	Lands, Mining & Energy	\$271,854.00
307	Health & Social Services	\$285,437.00
308	Works & Utilities	\$498,506.00
309	Transport & Communication	\$833,819.00
310	Education & Training	\$360,853.00
311	Trade, Investment and Business Services	\$ 88.759.00
312	Development Planning	\$ 80,131.00
313	Tourism, Culture, Environment & Conservation	n <u>\$130,591.00</u>
	Sub-total	\$4,683,233.00

## Capital Expenditure

Particulars	
Health Sector	\$25,010.00
Education Sector	\$10,050.00
Agriculture Sector	\$30,030.00
Fisheries Sector	\$10,010.00
Forestry Sector	\$10,010.00
Physical Infrastructure	\$30,070.00
Tourism Sector	\$ 30.00
Commerce and Industry Sector	\$ 50.00
Sub-total	\$115,260.00
	Health Sector Education Sector Agriculture Sector Fisheries Sector Forestry Sector Physical Infrastructure Tourism Sector Commerce and Industry Sector

Total Recurrent and Capital Expenditure

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\$4,798,493.00

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## [Legal Notice 69]

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## **The Provincial Government Act 1997**

## NO. 34 of 1997

## The Malaita Province

## 2006/2007 Appropriation Ordinance 2006

An Ordinance to appropriate a sum of five million, three hundred and five thousand, six hundred and forty dollars (\$5,305,640) to the service of Financial year ending 31st March, 2007.

Enacted by the Malaita Provincial Assembly

- This Ordinance may be cited as the Malaita Province Assembly Short title and 2006/2007 Appropriation Ordinance 2006 and shall come into commencement force upon approval by the Minister in accordance with Section 35 of the Provincial Government Act 1997 and publication in the Solomon Island Gazettee.
- The Appropriation from the Provincial Fund of the sum of Five Authorization million, three hundred and five thousand, six hundred and forty of issue of dollars to be applied for the purpose specified in Section 35 of the Provincial Government Act 1997, and to the service of the financial year ending 31st March 2007.
- 3. The sum specified in the preceding Section shall be appropriated Appropriation for the supply of the Heads specified and in the amounts respectively set out in the schedule to this Ordinance
- 4. The total of the sums authorized by Contingency Warrant by the Contingencies Premier in exercise of his powers under **Section 43** of the Malaita Warrant Province Financial Management Ordinance 1991 for the financial year ending 31st March, 2007 shall not exceed one million, three hundred and twenty six thousand, four hundred and ten dollars (\$1,326,410) in respect of Recurrent Expenditure.

- 5. The sums approved by Advance Warrant issued by the Premier in Exercise of Powers under Section 43 of the Malaita Province Financial Management Ordinance 1991 for the Financial Year ending 31st March, 2007 shall not exceed:
  - For the discharge of functions or the provision of services under Section 33 of the Provincial Government Act 1997 the amount at any time shall not exceed \$100,000.
  - (2) To or on behalf of a member of the Assembly in accordance with a resolution made and approved under Section 25 of the Provincial Government Act 1997 there shall be no entitlement for payment from the Provincial fund.
  - (3) To or on behalf of a Provincial Officer in accordance with the Provincial Staff Instruction the amount shall not exceed;
    - a. For advances in relation to serious illness, unexpected domestic calamities, or unforeseen events, an amount not exceeding the amount currently owed to the officer for holiday entitlement.
    - b. For Annual Leave, an amount not exceeding the amount currently owed to the officer for holiday entitlement.
    - c. For Tools of Trade, an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
    - d. On first appointment, an amount not to exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000), or the equivalent of one month's gross salary, whichever is larger.

6. The overdraft and other borrowing of Malaita Province for the period to 31st March 2007 shall not at any time exceed the level of borrowing in place as at 31st March 2006. That is, overdraft and other borrowing shall not exceed eight million, seven hundred and thirty one thousand dollars (\$8,731,000).

Passed by the Malaita Provincial Assembly this 9th day of June, 2006

M. MAEFAI CLERK TO ASSEMBLY

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Assented to this 29th day of June, 2006

MINISTER OF PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

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## THE CHOISEUL PROVINCE APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE 2006

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ORDINANCE

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TO

Appropriate THIRTY MILLION, ONE HUNDRED NINETY ONE THOUSAND, EIGHT HUNDRED AND Appropriate FIFTY THREE DOLLARS to the service of the financial year ending 31st March, 2007

Made by the Choiseul Provincial Assembly

# THE CHOISEUL PROVINCE 2006 -2007 APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE 2006

Passed by the Choiseul Provincial Assembly this 1st Day of June, 2006

This printed impression has been compared by me with the Ordinances passed by the Choiseul Provincial Assembly and found by me to be a true and correct copy of the said Ordinance.

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Geoffrey Pakipota Clerk to Choiseul Provincial Assembly

Assented to by the Honourable Minister for Provincial Government this 29th Day of June, 2006

Hon. Japhet Waipora Minister for Provincial Government and Rural Development

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	1.	This Ordinance shall be entitled the Choiseul Province 2006-2007 Appropriation Ordinance and shall come Short Title into force upon approval of the Minister in accordance with section 30 of the Provincial Government Act 1997 and And and publication in the Solomon Islands Gazettee.
	Ņ	The Appropriation from the Provincial Fund is hereby <b>thirty million</b> , one hundred ninety one thousand eight Authorisation hundred and fifty three dollars to be applied for the purposes specified in section 36(2) of the Provincial \$30,191,853 Government Act and to the services of the financial year ending 31st March, 2007. Provincial Provincial
305	ຸ່ມ	The sums specified in the preceding section shall be appropriated for the supply of the heads specified and in the amounts respectively specified in relation thereto in the schedule of the Ordinance.
	4.	The total of the authorized by contingencies warrants issued by the Premier in exercise of his powers under csection 26 and 27 of Choiseul Province Financial Management Ordinance 1992 for the financial year Warrants ending 31st March, 2007 shall not exceed,
		<ul> <li>a). in respect of Heads of Recurrent Expenditure twenty thousand dollars.</li> <li>b). in respect of Heads of Capital Expenditure thirty thousand dollars.</li> </ul>
	<u>5</u> .	The total sums authorized by advances warrants issued by the Premier in exercise of his powers under

Section 43 of the Choiseul Province Financial Management Ordinance 1992 for the financial year ending 31st March, 2007 shall not at any time exceed ten thousand dollars.

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[Legal Notice 71]

## PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1997 (No. 7 of 1997)

The Western Province 2006/2007 Appropriation Ordinance

AN ORDINANCE TO

Appropriate Sixteen point two Million Dollars (\$16.2m) for Recurren,t, and Six Million Dollars (\$6m) on Capital and Development Expenditures for the Services of the Financial Year ending 31st March, 2007.

Passed by the Western Provincial Assembly this 14th Day of June, 2006.

<sup>36</sup> I have carefully compared this printed impression with the Ordinance passed by the Western Provincial Assembly and found by me to be true and correct copy of the said Ordinance.

Eric Kikolo Clerk to Western Provincial Assembly

Assented to by the Honourable Minister for Provincial Government this 26th Day of July, 2006

Honourable Japhet Waipora

Minister of Provincial Government and Constituency Development

Made under the Common Seal of the Western Provincial Assembly this 11th Day of July, 2006.

Honourable Alex Lokopio Premier of Western Province

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The Financial Statement 2006/2007 Appropriation are contained in Schedule 2 to this Ordinance.	The Financial Limit on the Provincial Overdraft and Borrowing shall be in accordance with section 40 of the Act and shall not exceed such sum as may be fixed for the Executive by order of the Minister.	In accordance with section 36 (1) of the Act, payment out of the Provincial Fund in advance of the Appropria- tion shall not exceed in aggregate the sum authorized from the Appropriation Ordinance and in accordance with Part III of the Western Province Financial Management Ordinance 1994.	The sum specified in the preceding section shall be Appropriated for the supply of the Head (Codes) and in Appropriation the amount respectively specified in the Schedules to this Ordinance.	The Appropriation from the Provincial Fund is hereby Authorised the sum of Twenty Two Million TwoAuthorisationHundred and Thirty Seven Thousand, Four Hundred and Seventy Two Dollars for Recurrent, Capitalof issue ofand Development Expenditures to be applied for the purposes specified in section 34(2) of the ProvincialSBD\$22,237,472Government Act 1997 for the Services of the Financial Year ending 31st March, 2007.from the	This Ordinance shall be entitled "Western Province 2006/2007 Appropriation Ordinance" and shallShort Title andcome into force by being passed by the Assembly and Assented to by the Minister in accordance withCommencementSection 30 of the Provincial Government Act 1997 and Publication in the Solomon Islands Gazette.Commencement	Enacted by the Western Provincial Assembly with Assent of the Minister as follows:	The Western Province 2006/2007 Appropriation Ordinance

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PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1997 (No. 7 of 1997)

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