

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY
(Registered at the General Post Office, Port Moresby, for transmission by post as a Qualified Publication.)

## CONSTITUTION

## ALTERATION TO AN ORGANIC LAW

THE Honourable Member for Imbonggu Open, Mr Glaimi Warena, proposes to alter the Organic Law on Provincial Boundaries and pursuant to the requirements of the Constitution I publish the proposed Law:


## PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(Registered at the General Post Office, Port Moresby, for transmission by post as a Qualified Publication.)
No. G101]

THE INDEPENDENT STATE OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA.
PROPOSED LAW TO ALTER THE ORGANIC LAW ON PROVINCIAL BOUNDARIES.

Provincial Boundaries (Amendment No. 2) Law
ARRANGEMENT OF CLAUSES.
Schedule -

```
SCHEDULE 1. - East Sepik Province.
SCHEDULE 2. - Enga Province.
SCHEDULE 3. - Madang Province.
SCHEDULE 4. - Western Highlands Province.
```


# THE INDEPENDENT STATE OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA. <br> PROPOSED LAW TO ALTER THE ORGANIC LAW <br> ON PROVINCIAL BOUNDARIES <br> entitled 

Provincial Boundaries (Amendment No. 2) Law
Being, a Law to alter the Organic Law on Provincial Boundaries, in various ways,

MADE by the National Parliament.
SCHEDULE.
The Schedule to the Principal Law is amended -
(a) by omitting the heading and description of the East Sepik Province and substituting the heading and description in Schedule 1; and
(b) by omitting the heading and description of the Enga Province and substituting the heading and description in Schedule 2; and
(c) by omitting the heading and description of the Madang Province and substituting the heading and description in Schedule 3; and
(d) by omitting the heading and description of the Western Highlands Province and substituting the heading and description in Schedule 4.

## SCHEDULE 1.

[^0]Commencing at a point being the intersection of parallel 2 degrees south latitude with meridian 143 degrees 05 minutes east longitude

## Provincial Boundaries

> SCHEDULE 1. - continued.
thence on the north by the said parallel 2 degrees south latitude due east to its intersection with meridian 145 degrees east longitude thence on the east by the said meridian 145 degrees east longitude due south to its intersection with parallel 3 degrees 55 minutes south latitude thence on the south-east by a straight line south-westerly to the intersection of parallel 4 degrees South latitude with meridian 144 degrees 55 minutes east longitude thence, on the south by the said parallel 4 degrees south latitude due west to its intersection with the shore of Papua New Guinea thence again on the east by a straight line southerly to the most westerly point on the left bank of the Ramu River at approximate parallel 4 degrees 34 minutes 30 seconds south latitude thence again on the south-east by a straight line south-westerly to the summit of Schrader Mountain thence again on the south-east by a straight line south-westerly to the summit of Burgers Mountain thence generally on the southwest by the watershed of the Central Range generally northwesterly to a point due north of the headwaters of the Kotufa River at approximate meridian 142 degrees 19 minutes 45 seconds east longitude thence on the west by a straight line due north to its intersection with parallel 4 degrees 36 minutes 45 seconds south latitude thence again on the south by the said parallel 4 degrees 36 minutes 45 seconds south latitude due west to its intersection with meridian 141 degrees 20 minutes 30 seconds east longitude thence again on the west by the said meridian 141 degrees 20 minutes 30 seconds east longitude due north to its intersection with parallel 4 degrees 15 minutes 30 seconds south latitude thence on the north-west by a straight line north-easterly to a point on the middle thread of the Sepik River at its intersection with meridian 141 degrees 43 minutes 15 seconds east longitude thence generally on the north-east by the said middle thread of the Sepik River downstream generally south-easterly to its intersection with parallel 4 degrees 4 minutes 15 seconds south latitude thence again on the north by the said parallel 4 degrees 4 minutes 15 seconds south latitude due east to its intersection with meridian 142 degrees 32 minutes east longitude thence again on the west by the said meridian 142 degrees 32 minutes east longitude due north to its intersection with parallel 3 degrees 55 minutes 15 seconds south latitude thence again on the north by the said parallel 3 degrees 55 minutes 15 seconds south latitude due east to its intersection with meridian 142 degrees 38 minutes east longitude thence again on the west by the said meridian 142 degrees 38 minutes east longitude due north to a point on the middle thread of the Keang River at its intersection with approximate parallel 3 degrees 46 minutes south latitude thence generally again on the west by the said middle thread of the Keang River upstream generally northerly to its intersection with the said meridian 142 degrees 38 minutes east longitude at approximate parallel 3 degrees 30 minutes south latitude thence again on the west by the said meridian 142 degrees 38 minutes east longitude due north to its intersection with the watershed of the Torricelii Mountains thence generally on the noxth by the said watershed of the Torricelli Mountains generally


Provincial Boundaries
SCHEDULE 1. - continued.
easterly to its intersection with meridian 143 degrees 05 minutes east longitude thence again on the west by the said meridian 143 degrees 05 minutes east longitude due north to the point of commencement. ".

## SCHEDULE 2.

## "ENGA PROVINCE.

Commencing at a point being the summit of Burgers Mountain and bounded thence on the north-west by part of the straight line connecting the said summit of Burgers Mountain with the summit of Schrader Mountain north-easterly to its intersection with the middle thread of the Yuat River at approximately meridian 143 degrees 58 minutes 30 seconds east longitude thence generally on the north-east by the said middle thread of the Yuat River upstream generally south-easterly to its intersection with the middle thread of the Gai River thence generally on the south-east by the said middle thread of the Gai River south-westerly to its intersection with the middle thread of the Minimb River thence generally on the south-east by the said middle thread of the Minimb River south-westerly to its intersection with the middle thread of the Lai River thence generally on the east by the said middle thread of the Lai River and the middle thread of the Gu River upstream generally southerly to its headwaters thence, on the north-east by a straight line south-easterly to the summit of Mount Hagen thence generally on the south-east by the watershed of the Lai-Erave Divide generally south-westerly to the intersection of parallel 5 degrees 52 minutes south latitude with meridian 143 degrees 47 minutes 45 seconds east longitude thence again on the northeast by a straight line south-easterly to the intersection of the common border between the former Territory of Papua and the former Territory of New Guinea with meridian 143 degrees 49 minutes 30 seconds east longitude thence on the south-west by the said common border north-westerly to its intersection with meridian 143 degrees 42 minutes 30 seconds east longitude thence again on the south-east by a straight line south-westerly to the intersection of the middle thread of the Ka River with parallel 5 degrees 58 minutes 45 seconds south latitude thence again on the south-west by a straight line north-westerly to the intersection of parallel 5 degrees 52 minutes 30 seconds south latitude with meridian 143 degrees 20 minutes 45 seconds east longitude thence again on the south-west by a straight line northwesterly to the intersection of the aforesaid common border with meridian 143 degrees 15 minutes 30 seconds east longitude thence again on the south-west by the said common border north-westerly to its intersection with meridian 142 degrees 45 minutes east longitude thence on the west by the said meridian 142 degrees 45 minutes east longitude due north to its intersection with the watershed of the Central Range thence again generally on the north-east by the said watershed of the Central Range generally south-easterly to the point of commencement.".

Provincial Boundaries
SCHEDULE 3.

## "MADANG PROVINCE.

Commencing at a point being the intersection of meridian 143 degrees 58 minutes 30 seconds east longitude with the middle thread of the Yuat River and bounded thence on the north-west by a straight line north-easterly to the summit of Schrader Mountain thence again on the north-west by a straight line north-easterly to the westernmost point of the left bank of the Ramu River at approximately parallel 4 degrees 34 minutes 30 seconds south latitude thence on the south-west by a straight line north-westerly to the intersection of parallel 4 degrees south latitude with the shore of Papua New Guinea thence on the north by the said parallel 4 degrees south latitude due east to its intersection with meridian 144 degrees 55 minutes east longitude thence again on the north-west by a straight line north-easterly to the intersection of parallel 3 degrees 55 minutes south latitude with meridian 145 degrees east longitude thence on the west by the said meridian 145 degrees east longitude due north to its intersection with parallel 3 degrees south latitude thence on the north-east by a straight line south-easterly to the intersection of parallel 4 degrees south latitude with meridian 148 degrees 17 minutes east longitude thence on the south-east by a straight line south-westerly to the intersection of parallel 5 degrees south latitude with meridian 147 degrees 30 minutes east longitude thence on the east by the said meridian 147 degrees 30 minutes east longitude due south to its intersection with parallel 5 degrees 42 minutes south latitude thence on the south by the said parallel 5 degrees 42 minutes south latitude due west to its intersection with meridian 147 degrees east longitude thence again on the southeast by a straight line south-westerly to the intersection of parallel 6 degrees south latitude with meridian 146 degrees 30 minutes east longitude thence again on the south by the said parallel 6 degrees south latitude due west to its intersection with the middle thread of the said Ramu River thence again on the south-west by the said middle thread of the Ramu River downstream north-westerly to a point due east of the summit of Mount Otto thence again on the south by a straight line due west to its intersection with meridian 145 degrees 40 minutes east longitude thence again on the south-west by a straight line northwesterly to the intersection of parallel 5 degrees 55 minutes 15 seconds south latitude with meridian 145 degrees 39 minutes 30 seconds east longitude thence again on the south-west by a straight line north-westerly to the intersection of parallel 5 degrees 54 minutes 30 seconds south latitude with meridian 145 degrees 34 minutes 15 seconds east longitude thence again on the south-east by a straight line south-westerly to the intersection of meridian 145 degrees 32 minutes east longitude with a straight line due east from the said summit of Mount Otto thence again on the south by the said straight line due west to the said summit of Mount Otto thence again generally on the south-west by the watershed of the Bismarck Range generally north-westerly to its intersection with meridian 145 degrees 26 minutes 45 seconds east longitude thence again on the south-west by a straight line

## Provincial Boundaries

SCHEDULE 3. - continued.
north-westerly to the intersection of the middle thread of the East Tauya River with parallel 5 degrees 53 minutes 45 seconds south latitude thence again generally on the south-west by the said middle thread of the East Tauya River downstream generally north-westerly to its intersection with parallel 5 degrees 51 minutes south latitude thence again on the south-east by a straight line south-westerly to the intersection of the said watershed of the Bismarck Range with meridian 145 degrees 17 minutes 15 seconds east longitude thence again generally on the south and south-iest by the said watershed of the Bismarck Range generally westerly and north-westerly to its intersection with parallel 5 degrees 17 minutes 45 seconds south latitude thence again on the south-west by a straight line north-westerly to the intersection of parallel 5 degrees 14 minutes south latitude with meridian 144 degrees 19 minutes 30 seconds east longitude thence again on the south-east by a straight line south-westerly to the intersection of the said middle thread of the Yuat River with meridian 144 degrees 17 minutes east longitude thence again generally on the south-west by the said middle thread of the Yuat River generally north-westerly to the point of commencement.".

SCHEDULE 4.
"WESTERN HIGHLANDS PROVINCE.
Commencing at a point being the intersection of parallel 5 degrees 14 minutes south latitude with meridian 144 degrees 19 minutes 30 seconds east longitude and bounded thence on the north-east by a straight line south-easterly to the intersection of the watershed of the Bismarck Range with parallel 5 degrees 17 minutes 45 seconds south latitude thence generally on the north-east by the said watershed of the Bismarck Range generally south-easterly to the summit of Mount Wilhelm thence generally on the south by the watershed of the Sepik-Wahgi Divide generally westerly to the summit of Mount Udon thence on the east by a straight line southerly to the headwaters of the Ga River thence generally on the east by the middle thread of the said Ga River and the middle thread of the Garniger River downstream generally southerly to the junction of the said middle thread of the Garniger River with the middle thread of the Wahgi River thence generally on the south-west by the said middle thread of the Wahgi River upstream generally northwesterly to its junction with the middle thread of the Noi Creek thence again generally on the south-east by the said middle thread of the Noi Creek and the middle threads of the Numantz Creek and Waibe Creek generally south-westerly to the headwaters of the said Waibe Creek thence again on the southeast by a straight line south-westerly to the summit of Mount Kubor thence again generally on the north-east and south-east by the watershed of the Kubor Range generally south-easterly and south-westerly to its intersection with the common border between the former Territory of Papua and the former Territory

## Provincial Boundaries

SCHEDULE 4. - continued.
of New Guinea at approximately meridian 144 degrees 36 minutes east longitude thence again on the south-west by the said common border north-westerly to the intersection of parallel 6 degrees south latitude with meridian 144 degrees east longitude thence again on the south-east by a straight line south-westerly to the summit of Mount Giluwe thence on the west by a straight line through Mount Giluwe due north to its intersection with the said common border at approximately parallel 5 degrees 57 minutes 30 seconds south latitude thence again on the south-west by the said common border northwesterly to its intersection with meridian 143 degrees 49 minutes 30 seconds east longitude thence again on the southwest by a straight line north-westerly to the intersection of the watershed of the Lai-Erave Divide with meridian 143 degrees 47 minutes 45 seconds east longitude thence generally on the north-west by the said watershed of the Lai-Erave Divide generally north-easterly to the summit of Mount Hagen thence on the south-west by a straight line north-westerly to the headwaters of the Gu River thence again generally on the west by the middle threads of the said Gu River and the Lai River downstream generally northerly to the junction of the said middle thread of the Lai River with the middle thread of the Minimb River thence generally on the north-west by the middle threads of the said Minimb River and the Gai River downstream generally north-easterly to the intersection of the said middle thread of the Gai River with the middle thread of the Yuat River thence again generally on the north-east by the said middle thread of the Yuat River upstream generally south-easterly co its intersection with meridian 144 degrees 17 minutes east longitude thence again on the north-west by a straight line north-easterly to the point of commencement.".

Printed and Published by E.C. Awo, Papua New Guinea Government Printer, Port Moresby.-13278


[^0]:    "EAST SEPIK PROVINCE.

