BOUNTIES ORDINANOE 1928.\(^{(1)}\)

No. 33 of 1928.

An Ordinance Relating to the Payment of Bounties on certain Goods the Produce of the Territory of New Guinea.

BE it ordained by the Governor-General of the Commonwealth of Australia, acting with the advice of the Federal Executive Council, in pursuance of the powers conferred by the *New Guinea Act* 1920–1926, as follows:

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the *Bounties Ordinance* Short title, 1928.\(^{(1)}\)

2. In this Ordinance, unless the contrary intention appears— Definitions.

   “Authorized person” means a person appointed in writing by the Administrator to be an authorized person for the purposes of this Ordinance;

   “Bounty” means bounty under the Act;

   “Collector” means Collector of Customs for the Territory or of a State;

   “Exporter” means the owner of the goods at the time when the goods were exported from the Territory;

   “Goods” means goods specified in the Schedule to the Act;

   “Officer” means Officer of Customs;

   “The Act” means the *Papua and New Guinea Bounties Act* 1926;\(^{(2)}\)

   “The Regulations” means the Regulations made under the Act.

\(^{(1)}\) Particulars of this Ordinance are as follows:

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<th>Date on which made by Governor-General in Council.</th>
<th>Date on which notified in Commonwealth Gazette.</th>
<th>Date on which took effect.</th>
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\(^{(2)}\) Now the *Papua and New Guinea Bounties Act* 1926–1936. See also the *Papua and New Guinea Bounties Act* 1937.
3. No person shall—

(a) obtain any bounty which is not payable;
(b) obtain payment of any bounty by means of any false or misleading statement; or
(c) present to any officer or other person doing duty in relation to this Ordinance, the Act or the Regulations any document, or make to any such officer or person any statement, which is false or misleading in any particular.

Penalty: One hundred pounds or imprisonment for twelve months.

4. Any authorized person may, at all reasonable times, enter upon any premises where there are stored any goods in respect of which notice of intention to export and claim bounty has been given, and may inspect the goods and the accounts books and documents of the exporter for the purposes of examination and audit, and may, upon inspection or audit, make and take away extracts from those books of account and documents.

5. Where notice of intention to claim bounty has been given in accordance with the Regulations, the exporter giving notice shall—

(a) allow any authorized person to have access at all reasonable times to his premises for the purpose of inspecting accounts books and documents in his possession or control relating to the goods in respect of which notice of intention to claim bounty has been given;
(b) provide, when requested by an authorized person so to do, all reasonable facilities and assistance necessary to enable the authorized person to effectively inspect and audit all books of account kept by him in accordance with the Act and all documents in his possession or control relating to the goods in respect of which notice of intention to claim bounty has been given;
(c) produce such books and accounts and the documents relating to entries therein for examination and audit by any authorized person when required by him so to do; and
(d) supply such samples of the goods as the Collector requires.