THE ISLAND OF NAURU.

No. 3 of 1959

AN ORDINANCE.

Relating to the Legitimation of Children born before Marriage on the subsequent Marriage of their Parents.

I, the Administrator of the Island of Nauru, in pursuance of the powers conferred by Article 1 of the Agreement dated the second day of July, 1919, between the Government of the United Kingdom, the Government of the Commonwealth of Australia and the Government of New Zealand, hereby make the following Ordinance.

Dated this thirtieth day of October, 1959.

Administrator of the Island of Nauru.

LEGITIMATION ORDINANCE 1959.

Short title 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the <u>Legitimation</u> and citation.

Ordinance 1959.

Definitions. 2. In this Ordinance, unless the contrary intention appears -

"ex-nuptial child" means a child not born in lawful wedlock:

"the Registrar" means the Registrar of Births, Deaths and Marriages appointed by the <u>Births</u>, <u>Deaths and Marriages Ordinance</u> 1958 and includes the Deputy Registrar appointed under that Ordinance.

Legitimation after marriage of parents.

A child born before the marriage of his parents whose parents have (whether before or after the commencement of this Ordinance) married shall be deemed, on the registration of that child in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance to have been legitimated by the marriage from birth and is entitled to all the rights possessed by a child born in lawful wedlock.

Issue of legitimated child dying before marriage of parents.

4. Subject to this Ordinance, where a child legitimated in pursuance of this Ordinance has (whether before or after the commencement of this Ordinance) died before the marriage of his parents, his issue take by operation of law such real and personal property as would have devolved upon the issue if the parent of the issue had been born in lawful wedlock.

Certain interests not affected.

Nothing in this Ordinance affects an estate, right or interest in real or personal property to which a person has become or becomes entitled, either vested or contingent and either mediately or immediately in possession or expectancy, by virtue of a disposition made before the commencement of this Ordinance or by virtue of a devolution by law on the death of a person dying before the commencement of this Ordinance.

Nauruan customs 6. preserved.

ex-nuptial child to share equally with legitimate children in the distribution of the estate of the deceased mother of that child in accordance with the institutions, customs and usages of the Nauruan community.

Registration of ex-nuptial child on application of father.

7.-(1.) When a man who claims to be the father of an ex-nuptial child, whose mother he has married since the birth of the child, produces to the Registrar a declaration in accordance with the form in the First Schedule to this Ordinance, together with the document

referred to in that Schedule, the Registrar shall, subject to this Ordinance, register the child, whether alive or dead, as the lawful issue of that man and his wife, and shall make a note in the entry to the effect that the registration has been made under the authority of this Ordinance.

(2.) The father of the child referred to in the last preceding sub-section shall sign the registration entry, and a registration under this section does not take effect until the father has signed the registration entry.

Registration of ex-nuptial child on application of mother.

- 8.-(1.) Subject to this Ordinance, where -
 - (a) the father of an ex-nuptial child, whose mother he has married since the birth of the child, is dead; and
 - (b) the mother of the child, within a period of two years after the death of the father, sends or produces to the Registrar a declaration in accordance with the form in the Second Schedule to this Ordinance, together with the documents referred to in that Schedule,

the Registrar shall register the child, whether alive or dead, as the lawful issue of the mother and the deceased father, and shall make a note in the entry to the effect that the registration has been made under the authority of this Ordinance.

(2.) Notwithstanding the provisions of the last preceding sub-section, unless the Administrator certifies in writing that he is satisfied, whether by the written acknowledgement of the person alleged to be the father of the child or by evidence that in the opinion of the Administrator is conclusive, that that person was the father of the child, the Registrar shall not register the child under this section.

Previous 9. Where a child registered under either of the registration of ex-nuptial last two preceding sections has previously been child.

registered under the Births, Deaths and Marriages

Ordinance 1958 as an ex-nuptial child, the Registrar shall make on the record of the previous registration a reference to the registration under this Ordinance.

Right of mother of ex-nuptial child to succeed on intestacy of child.

10. Subject to this Ordinance, where, after the commencement of this Ordinance, an ex-nuptial child that has not been legitimated under this Ordinance dies intestate in respect of all or any of his real or personal property, the mother of that child, if she survives him, is entitled to take the interest in that property to which she would have been entitled if the child had been born in lawful wedlock and she had been the only surviving parent.

<u>Declarations</u>. ll.-(l.) A person shall not wilfully make a false statement in a declaration under this Ordinance.

Penalty: Imprisonment for four years.

(2.) A declaration under this Ordinance shall be signed by the person making it before a Judge, a Magistrate or the Registrar.

THE SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Sections 7, 11.

ISLAND OF NAURU.

LEGITIMATION ORDINANCE 1959.

DECLARATION.

I,	(1)						, do de	eclare	as follow	vs –
1.	I	am	the	father	of	an	ex-nuptial	child,	born	
on	the			٠ (day	of		,	19 , at	ե

2. I was married to , the mother of the said child, on the day of , 19 , at and I am desirous of having the birth of the said child registered as that of the lawful issue of myself and the said .

3. The document annexed to this declaration is a certified copy of the certificate of my marriage with the said

And I make this declaration conscientiously believing the statements contained in the declaration to be true in every particular.

(2)

Declared at

the

day of

19

Before me,

得

- (1) Here insert name, address and occupation of person making the declaration.
- (2) Signature of person making the declaration.
- (3) Signature of person before whom the declaration is made.
- (4) Here insert the title of person before whom the declaration is made.

NOTE. - A person who wilfully makes a false statement in a declaration is liable to imprisonment for four years.

ISLAND OF NAURU.

LEGITIMATION ORDINANCE 1959.

DECLARATION.

]	r, (1)		, do decl	are as f	ollews:-
1.	I	am the moth	er of an e	x-nuptial	child, b	orn on the
		day	of -	,	,19 , a	t .
2.	I	was married	to		, the fa	ther of the
said	l chi	ld on the		day of		, 19 ,
at		, an	d I am des	irous of h	naving the	e birth of
the	said	child regi	stered as	that of th	ne lawful	issue of
myse	elf a	nd the said		•		
3•	My	husband, t	he said		,	died on th
		da	y of	,	19 .	
4.	Th	e documents	annexed t	o this dec	laration	are:-
	(a)	A certifie	d copy of	the certif	cicate of	my
		marriage w	ith the sa	id		;
	(b)	A certifie	d copy of	the certif	icate of	the death
		of the sai	d .		;	
	(c)	A certifie	ete by the	Administr	ator tha	t he is
		satisfied	that the s	aid		
		is the fat	her of the	said chil	.d.	
	An	d I make th	is declara	tion conso	eientious	ly believin
the	stat	ements cont	ained in t	he declara	tion to	be true in
èver	y pa	rticular.				
			(2)		·	
Decl	lared	at 🧦	the		d a;	y of
19	•					

Before me,

(3)

(4)

- (1) Here insent name, address and occupation of person making the declaration.
- (2) Signature of person making the declaration.
- (3) Signature of person before whom the declaration is made.
- (4) Here insert title of person before whom the declaration is made.
- NOTE. A person who wilfully makes a false statement in a declaration is liable to imprisonment for four years.